OLYMPIC LEADER

THE DEMOCRAT-LEADER, ESTABLISHED 1888.
THE OLYMPIC, ESTABLISHED 1904.

THE OFFICIAL PAPER FOR THE COUNTY OF CLALLAM.

VOL. 19. NO. 45. PORT ANGELES, WASHINGTON, FRIDAY, JANUARY 25, 1907 PRICE 5 CTS

OUR

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR

SALE

Starts Monday Morning and will last ten days.

We have received a complete assortment of Beautiful White Muslin Underwear made by the **Defender Mfg. Co., of New York** and consisting of Corset Covers, Drawers, Night Gowns and Skirts.

We placed our orders for them early in the season and were fortunate enough to get them at prices that ruled the cotton market **before the advance in prices.**

They are decidedly the BEST MUSLIN UNDERWEAR VALUES EVER OFFERED in this locality.

They are Ample in Measurement, Reliable in Quality, Reasonable in Price, Perfect in Style, Fit and Finish.

Corset Covers from 25c to 1.98

Drawers from 29c to 2.75

Night Gowns from 49c to 2.75

Skirts from 59c to 3.75

We would suggest that if you are in need of anything at all in the line of Muslin Underwear, that you take advantage of our White Muslin Underwear Sale. The prices we have put on them will make them go.

PACIFIC STORE CO.

Julius I. Kirschberg

There is a

Stock Taking Sale

at The Times Clothing Mart

Prices Cut in Half.

Call in and see for yourself as seeing is believing. Don't forget we have only Eight Talking Machines left to be given away with $25.00 in purchases.

TIMES CLOTHING MART

R. A. MUSKETT

STATE OF OPPORTUNITY

THE ENTERPRISING FIND MANY SPLENDID FIELDS

Governor Mead Writes of State's Advantages for the P.-I.'s "Prosperous Washington."

Washington offers a singular abundance of opportunities to the industrious. After visiting and studying practically every portion of the state I am convinced that there is no other political division of this or any other continent that contains quite so many and so varied resources; that has in itself quite so much potential wealth, and offers such large results to the worker. Life in the state of Washington is not hard, neither is success to be achieved here thru sloth. But I have never heard of a region where results proportionately were so large, for the effort expended, as in this state; all because of the rich gifts of nature.

One of our great advantages, if not the greatest, is in natural location. Since civilization began, kingdoms, empires and republics have fought and labored for the trade of the Orient. It was the desire for this trade that led Columbus across the trackless ocean. It was the desire for this trade that led expeditions for the discovery of the fabled straits of Anian. The great early navigators and freebooters had this trade for their goal. This was a thing which had built and destroyed kingdoms. And now we find ourselves here in Washington forming the doorway thru which this trade is flowing as thru its natural course.

Since the geography of the world was known the fact has been generally recognized that this Pacific Northwest holds the key of the whole trade of the wide Pacific. Transportation alone was needed to make this key useful. We now have that transportation in abundance, and by leaps and bounds our Pacific trade is growing, at a rate unparalleled in history. Sixty-two years ago, at St. Louis, Thomas Benton predicted the course this trade would follow, and his words were regarded as the utterances of a dreamer. His prophecy has been fulfilled. And today the prophecy that ultimately the site of the world's commerce, of wealth and civilization, will be here in the Pacific Northwest is much more likely of fulfillment than was Benton's prophecy in 1844.

With our 3,000 miles of shore line and 1,500 miles of possible dockage in sheltered harbors, our maritime advantages are superb. Before this wonderful era of railroad building in the state of Washington began we had a railroad mileage in the state of 3,100. Information just compiled by the state railroad commission shows that there are now building in this state 2,000 miles of additional main line.

We have within the state approximately 44,275,200 acres of land, and the fact is being demonstrated that there is a useful purpose for every acre of it.

The development of our resources is a comparatively new work. In the horticultural industry, for instance, during the last two years the fruit acreage of the state increased by 100 per cent until we now have an area of approximately 76,000 acres bearing fruit.

Our lumber and lumber products foot up a valuation annually of more than $70,000,000. Our fisheries put forth a product of $10,000,000 in value, while our grain fields produce a product of nearly $40,000,000. And still in every line development has but begun and the widest opportunity exists for the exploitation of those enterprises.

Consider the distribution of wealth in the state and you will have an apt illustration of what opportunity means here. How few actual millionaires have we? Even current rumor, which always exaggerates the wealth of a man, credits us with less than a score, and that in a population of nearly 900,000 people. On the other hand, every resident of the state realizes that we have thousands upon thousands who possess means in excess of $20,000, and thousands more in excess of $10,000. We find our street car employes and our laundry drivers successful investors and successful promoters of enterprizes. We see in half a decade men emerging from the ranks of hired farm labor to successful farmers, owning their own lands and possessing large bank balances. We find our wonderful prosperity so distributed that it touches practically every family and insures an enormously large portion of the population a competence.

It seems to me that our greatest advertisement of our advantages to the world is a knowledge of this population of ours. No other American state possesses quite so typical an American population as does the state of Washington. Drawn from every other state in the Union and from the sources from which the pioneer American stock came, our people reflect the best there is in Americanism. The composite Washingtonian of necessity is a composite American. And hence you find a people of great breadth of view, eager and alert in trade and commerce, kindly and hospitable in the treatment of the stranger, independent in thought, law-abiding and law-respecting, resenting undue domination by any man or set of men, demanding the best and most honest of public service. Hospitable to outside capital that comes here for investment, these people of ours, for all that, have done most of the development of the state with their own resources, and the great business enterprises of the state of Washington are owned and managed by her own citizens, save of course those engaged in transportation. The spirit of the people of Washington ever has been to do things for themselves first; then to invite others to come and share in their prosperity. Our first railroads were built by the money and with the hands of our own people, without outside aid or assistance, and so have our other industries been developed. But there is no spirit of selfishness here, and we are willing to share the good things of the state with the capable, the honest, the industrious who cast their lots with us.

Pres. Elliott of the N. P. says that while railroad mileage of the northwest increased by 21 per cent the past ten years, much of which increase has been in the nature of branch lines which only added to the business, and while equipment has increased by 25 per cent, the passenger business has doubled and the freights have increased 118 per cent.

Senator Alger of Michigan died yesterday in Washington of heart trouble; his death was entirely unexpected, occurring but a few moments after returning down stairs from a pleasant chat with Mrs. Alger in her rooms.

Alaska's output of gold for 1906 increased 52 per cent over that for 1905, and her imports and exports increased 38 per cent.

Senator Blair has introduced a bill providing that Memorial Day be declared a public holiday as applied to the public schools.

Happy is the man who knows when he gets the worst of it.

Food don't digest? Because the stomach lacks some one of the essential digestants or the digestive juices are not properly balanced. Then, too, it is this undigested food that causes soreness and painful indigestion. Kodol For Indigestion should be used for relief. Kodol is a solution of vegetable acids. It digests what you eat, and corrects the deficiencies of the digestion. Kodol conforms to the National Pure Food and Drug Law. Sold here by C. E. Nailor & Co.

TOWN IS WELL POLICED

MAYOR REFUSES TO MAKE NEW APPOINTMENT

Gene Hopkins Will Look After Council While Church Holds Mayor in Line; Thus Peace Will Prevail.

About the only subject up for consideration by the council Tuesday evening was the selection of a city marshal. Councilman Hallahan stated that as the mayor failed to make an appointment at the last meeting it was up to council to make a selection, and moved that they proceed with necessary election. Upon a second by Mr. Grubb, the mayor declared the motion out of order, submitting in writing his opinion that the tie vote of January 1st was substantially no action, as it was not a vote on a motion; as no motion was made to confirm, a vote to reconsider could not be made at a subsequent meeting; confirmation of appointment was therefore made by default of council. Motion to appeal from decision of chair was carried. Council then proceeded with election, the nominating ballot giving Hopkins 5, McKechnie 1, Church 1, and the first formal ballot resulting in a unanimous vote for Hopkins.

Upon motion the city clerk was directed to notify K. Y. Church, former city marshal, to turn over to his successor, E. E. Hopkins, immediately, all city property in his possession and surrender his office. Mr. Church notified council he should consider himself city marshal until his successor be duly elected and qualified. Upon motion city clerk and mayor were directed to refuse to issue any more warrants to Church for any purported services as marshal.

City attorney Smith allowed $25 for purpose of defraying expenses to Olympia to secure information regarding water proposition.

Bills allowed: Wood 47.50, insurance premiums 34.37, civil engineer 17.00, street work 17.80.

CHURCH SERVICES

Congregational Church Sunday School at 10 a. m. Morning worship at 11:00. Rev. Geo. N. Edwards, pastor.

Morning topic, "The Magnet of Humanity." Evening, "The Christian's Triumph."

St. Andrews Church. Third Sunday after Epiphany. 8 a. m., Holy Communion. 10 a. m. Sunday school. 11 a.m., Morning Prayer. 7:30 p. m., Evening Prayer. Friday, 7:30, Evening Prayer.

"Mr. Muskett, is that your horse you had tandem in the cutter?"

"Yes, why?"

"Did you buy that out of the $45 you saved on rent?"

"No, I traded that for merchandise and he is a good worker. I will sell him for $25. We trade for anything—horses, pigs, cows, sheep, chickens, and anything on earth. You let us know at The Times Clothing Mart."

THE JOY

Of living is to have good health. Use Herbine and you will have bushels of joy. You need not be blue, fretful and have that bad taste in your mouth. Try a bottle of Herbine, a positive cure for all liver complaints. E. Harrell, Austin, Texas, writes: "I have used Herbine for over a year, and find it a fine regulator. I gladly recommend it as a fine medicine for Dyspepsia." **Sold at Mathewson's Drug Store.**

T. S. BROPHY & CO.

Phone 33

An appeal to your taste

M. J. B. Coffee delicious flavor 1 lb. 40c, 2 lbs. 75c 3 lbs. 1.00

Golden Gate Coffee always uniform 1 lb. 40c, 2 lbs. 75c

Schillings "Best" carefully blended 40c per lb.

Reliance Coffee has a cup quality 40c per lb.

Our Leader, 25c, has a decided strength

T. S. Brophy & Co.

Opera House Block

MOSSMAN - PEDDICORD

Worthy Couple Were Happily Married Last Evening in the Presence of a Few Intimate Friends.

Miss Jessie Choate Peddicord and Mr. David I. Mossman were united in marriage Thursday evening, January 24th, at the home of the bride on Front street, Rev. C. E. Fulmer of the M. E. Church officiating; only relatives and a few intimate friends witnessing the interesting ceremony.

The rooms were prettily decorated, carnations and ivy being the main floral decorations, and the color scheme a delicate pink. After congratulations and best wishes all sat down to a dainty wedding repast.

Miss Peddicord, now Mrs. Mossman, is one of Angeles most popular milliners, and a young lady of many graces and womanly traits that fit her to preside over a perfect home. Mr. Mossman is a man of worth and business integrity, well thought of by all who know him.

The happy couple left this Friday morning for Spokane and Eastern Washington, where the bride formerly resided and where, as here, she has many warm friends. They will be at home after February 14th in their cottage on Fourth and Albert, this city.

The guests were: Miss Grace McIvor, Miss Ritchie, Miss Marguerite Ritchie, Miss Ida Mathewson, Miss Cora Tillman, Mrs. Metcalfe, Mr. Wm. Graham, Port Angeles; Mrs. Wiley, Ballard; Mrs. I. Bratton, Tacoma, G. W. Ford, Spokane; F. E. Knight, Dungeness, and Mr. and Miss Peddicord, father and sister of the bride.

Clear up the complexion, cleanse the liver and tone the system. You can best do this by a dose or two of DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Safe, reliable little pills with a reputation. The pills that everybody knows. Recommended by C. E. Nailor & Co.

TRY MATHEWSON'S

WHITE PINE COUGH SYRUP FOR COLDS

It is sold on its merits and has no superior.

Mathewson's Drug Store
Near Post Office
Phone 28 **Mail your Orders**

Olympic Leader

WEBSTER PUB. CO.

Port Angeles, - -- Wash.

Minor Happenings of the Week

The fifth international automobile tournament at Ormond Beach, Fla., is in progress.

The election of Senator Dolliver, of Iowa, to succeed himself is issured by an indorsement by Republican legislative caucus.

A destructive fire visited Haines, Alaska, Monday morning. Soldiers from Fort Seward helped subdue the flames.

The navy department has announced that the armored cruiser Washington, which is still in the hands of the builders at Camden, N. J., will not be ready for commission until some time in March.

A resolution for the investigation of Senator Gamble has been adopted by both houses of the South Dakota legislature. The same committee is to investigate the South Dakota congressional delegation and report not later than February 10.

Fire at Wilmington , Del., licked up forty-five newly finished Pullman cars, causing a property loss of upwards of half a million dollars. The Pullman plant at Wilmington is the second largest of the Pullman plants throughout the country.

By a vote of 133 to 95, the house recommended that the salaries of senators and representatives and delegates in congress be increased to $7,500 per year after March 4, 1907, and fixing the salaries of the vice president, speaker and members of the cabinet at $12,000.

A readjustment of wages among nearly 17,000 workmen of the Cambria Steel company, at Johnstown, Pa., who are employed by the hour, has been made. The increase will average 6 to 10 per cent.

The annual report of the British Columbia Canners' Association shows that during1 906 a little over half the number of fish put up in 1905 were canned. The total pack the past year was 629,460 cases.

A dispatch from Singapore, Straits Settlements, says that the Chinese who live there have resolved to stop ancesto" worship in public. The feasts and processions cost $100,000 a year, and it is proposed to devote this sum to educational purposes.

The correpsondent of the London Daily Mail at Teheran telegraphs that owing to complaints of inability to approach the shah with grievances because of his entourage, his majesty has ordered that telephone communication be installed between the palace and a public square, and has invited his subjects to use this telephone in order to enter into direct communication with himself.

PRESIDENT TO SEND CAR DEMURRAGE MESSAGE

Washington, Jan. 19—Congress will be asked by President Roosevelt to give the interstate commerce commission increased powers to enable that body to deal with such emergencies as that now existing with regard to the car shortage question. The commission submitted to the president a preliminary report of the investigation made by some of its members in the Northwest into this matter and it will submit recommendations very soon.

When these are ready, the president will prepare a special message to congress urging necessary legislation. The president made this announcement at a conference with Messrs. Knapp, Clements, Harlan and Clarke, of the interstate commerce commission and four members of the executive committee of the national reciprocal demurrage convention recently held at Chicago.

The president took a deep interest in the appeal to him by the demurrage representatives. His idea, as expressed to one of those present, was that whatever amendments to the interstate commerce commission act may be enacted, they should not become operative until July 1, when the railroads would have ample opportunity to prepare for the change.

Interstate commerce commissioners unofficially say their recommendation to the president will include some form of reciprocal demurrage, so that the carrier may be penalized, and probably some suggestions for the interchange of cars by the railroads to meet extraordinary demands in one section of the country.

Independent Theater for Seattle

Seattle, Jan. 22.—Independent theatrical attractions will have a fine theater in which to show in Seattle. J. P. Howe, the veteran Coast theatrical manager, has served notice on tenants occupying the premises at West Lake boulevard, Fifth avenue and Pine street to vacate by the last of this month. The buildings will be immediately razed and work started on a $250,000 building modeled after the Shubert theater, recently opened in Kansas City. The Shuberts are behind the undertaking.

WASHINGTON NEWS

A humane society has been organized at North Yakima.

The steamship Jefferson, on the run from Seattle to Southeastern Alaska ports, has been converted into an oil burner.

At a special election North Yakima voted bonds to the amount of $150,000 to be used for putting up two grade schools and a high school building.

Representative Humphrey has secured the passage of a bill extending the provision of the immediate transportation act to the port of Bellingham,

Representative Jones has secured the passage of a bill granting to the Spokatne & Inland Empire Railroad Company a right of way through the Fort Wright Indian reservation

To provide aginst future shortage, the management of the steel plant at Youngstown is constructing a big oil tank. It is lined with concrete and will hold over 125,000 gallons.

The senate committee on privileges and elections have set the date for the preliminary hearing of the Lyons-Cotterill contest, The date is Monday, January 28, and it is expected that the hearing will be held at Seattle.

According to John H. Sargent, the new chief of the United States immigration office at Seattle, vice W. B. Estell, deceased, the detention station now located at Port Townsend will be moved to Seattle within the next six months, and possibly by the end of March.

Authority has been granted to the reclamation service by the secretary of the interior to purchase under competitive proposals the necessary equipment, consisting of machinery for the generating of electricity and its utilization at the tunnel headings and other points on Tieton irrigation project. Cost of machinery is not to exceed $75,000

The state convention of bricklayers met at Tacoma last week.

One hundred thousand dollars was spent by King county for county roads during the past year.

In a special report to Gov. Mead, Warden Kincaid, of the state penitentiary, urges the grading of connvicts according to merit.

A dispatch from South Bend states that the beds of oysters on Shoalwater bay rand Willapa harbor have withstood the recent severe weather without damage.

Olympia has secured the location for the new Lutheran college to be established for the states of Washington, Idaho and Oregon. Portland was a bidder for the college.

C. M. Levey testifiied at North Yakima last week, in the North Coast-Northern Pacific condemnation suit that the Northern Pacific would probably lay a double track from Pasco to the Sound, but it would not be determined definitely whether this would be done until it was demonstrated how much of the traffic would be diverted by the North Bank line being built down the Columbia to Portland.

Senate to Probe Lumber Trust

Washington, Jan. 21.—The senate has agreed to the Kittridge resolution instructing the secretary of commerce and labor to investigate the "umber trust." The resolution directs that the investigation to ascertain whether there exists any combination, conspiracy, trust, agreement or contract intended to operate in restraint of lawful trade in lumber onr to increase the market price of lumber in any part of the United States.

SEATTLE MARKET REPORT

Purchasing Prices.

The following prices are offered to the producer by the local dealers for delivery in round lots f. o. b. Seattle, and are subject to change without notice:

Grain—Oats, $27@28 per ton; barley, $22@22½;wheat, chicken feed, $22@24; bran, $16; shorts, $18; corn, $23@$27.

Hay—Eastern Washington, $22@23; Puget Sound, $18@20; alfalfa, $13@14.50.

Eggs—Strictly fresh ranch, 35@36c.

Poultry—Live hens, 15@16c per lb; old roosters, 13c; ducks, old, 15c; spring chickens, 14c; turkeys, 21@22c.

Wool—Eastern Washington, 15@18c per lb; Western Washington, 20@22c; dirty or timber stained, 18@20c

Live stock—Sheep, wethers, 6c per lb; ewes, 5@5½c; hogs, 6½@7c; steers, 4½; cows, 3½c; calves, 5@7c; lambs, $3@5 per head.

Tacoma Quotations.

Wheat—Club, 66c; bluestem, 68c; red, 64c.

Oats—$28@29; rolled oats, $28@30.

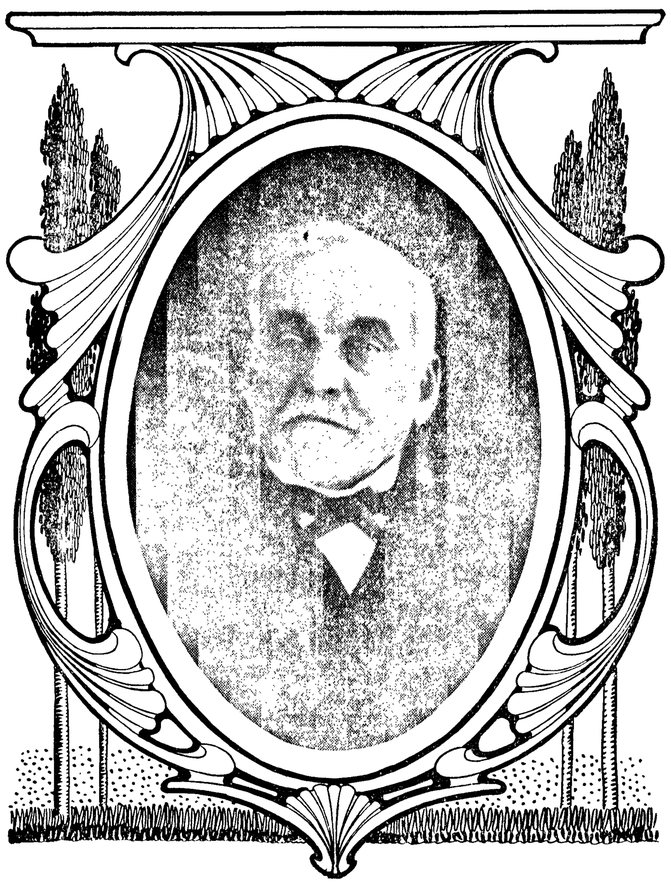
Hay, Alfalfa, Etc—Wheat hay, $19@21; timothy, $25@27; mixed, $15@21; alfalfa, $19.50@21.

Feed—Corn, $26; Wheat, $23.50@25; barley, whole grain, $22.00@23; rolled, $22.50@24; shorts, $20.00@21.00; bran, $18.00@19.00.

Poultry—Turkeys, dressed, 25c; chickens, dressed, 19c; ducks, dressed, 15c; geese, dressed, 16c; Live—Hens, 13½@14c;spring chickens, 15c;ducks, 11c; geese, 11c.

Butter—Washington creamery, 35@36c; Eastern creamery, 30c;.

Eggs—Washington ranch, 38c; Oregon, 30c; Eastern, 28c.



E. L. SMITH, PRESIDENT NORTHWEST FRUIT GROWERS' ASSOCIATION

NORTHWEST FRUIT GROWERS IN CONVENTION AT SEATTLE

Seattle, Jan. 19.—The fourteenth annual meetiang of the Northwest Fruit Growers' Association ended yesterday afternoon. During the three days' session more than 300 fruit growers attended the convention, which closed with the presentation of papers, the election of officers and the selection of the next meeting place, which fell to the lot of Vancouver, B. C

The convention opened on Wednesday in the McCarthy Dry Goods Company's building, Second and Pine streets.

Opening Day Was Informal

The opening session was more of an informal gathering, the first program being deferred until Thursday. No official reports were received and no papers were read, but there was general discussion upon several topics of interest The evening session in the Chamber of Commerce rooms was devoted to an address by David R. McGinnis, of Seattle. a fruit grower, of wide experience, and discussion of matters touched upon by him.

The subject of this address was marketing fruit in Eastern and European markets, and Mr. McGinnis dealt principally with apples. He said apples could be raised anywhere north of latitude 35.

"The problem with us," he declared, "is to raise an apple superior to any apple raised east of the 100th meridian."

He asserted that a very small part of the Pacific coast could raise one better than those of New York, Michigan, Illinois and the Ozark region. In this limited area on the Pacific coast a better apple can be produced for the reason that the air east of the 100th meridian is loaded with moisture, which produces fungous diseases in the tree and fruit. The apple grows best where the summer days are warm and the nights cool, and the minimum temperature is never lower than 10 below zero. Recently, in the East, Pacific coast apples were selling for $7.50 per barrel, as against $2 80 for Eastern apples "We need not fear Eastern competition, because they cannot raise the apple we produce," he asserted. He said that European markets wanted a yellow apple, while the American demanded a red apple.

"I saw an apple on exhibition in this room that would sell for 50 cents apiece in London," he said, and he mentioned the winter banana apple grown in the Wenatchee valley. He said the records showed instances where $1,000 had been made on a single acre of apples, and the cost of producing a bushel of apples had been figured at 50 cents.

Second Day's Session

Congress will be asked to adopt the features of the Canadian fruit grading and marketing law, and the request will be made by the Northwest Fruit Growers' Association, in prsuance to resolutions adopted at the second day's session of the convention now in session in this city.

Maxwell Smith, fruit inspector for the Dominion, presented a draft of a bill to the fruit growers Thursday, which was approved and the association pledged itself to urge the passage upon congress. Congressmen and senators from Washington, Oregon, Idaho and Utah will be asked to support the measure.

This was the chief action taken by the meeting. The fruit growers spent the day in discussion of various subjects relating to the industry. Three sessions were hell and several papers were read and discussed.

Many Topics Discussed

A. L. Mason, of Hood River, Or., made a report on the industry for Oregon. He said the quality of the 1906 fruit had been better; increased planting had been extensive, and the fruit was freer from damage from the codlin moth than for manv years. Pear orchards are increasing. The prices for all fruits ruled higher. Grapes grown in the state had brought higher prices than the California product.

William Meister, of the California Commission Company, Seattle, took up the question of packing, grading and marketing fruit. He urged the employment of experienced packers and advised requiring each one to put his initials on the box, so that it could be identified E. H. Shepard, manager of the Hood River Association and editor of Better Fruit, gave a paper on the "Necessity and Benefits of Association for Fruit Growers, and Business Principles Involved in Organiaztion and Management." R. P. Ober, genreal agent of the refrigerator car service of the Northern Pacific railroad, made a short address, saying in part:

"Your fruit has an established reputation in the Eastern markets, which should be used for your best fruits. If you will see that the quality or packing is not allowed to deteriorate, but strive to improve, the demand will continue to increase. California fruit sells for fancy prices, more on account of the manner in which it is put up than on account of anything else.

"The Northern Pacific handled the past year fully 200 cars of apples from the Yakima valley to New York City. I noticed an article in an Eastern paper recently which said 'New York barreled apples moving slowly, as the fancy trade insists on having Western box apples.' This is the result of raising better fruit."

J. R. Anderson began the afternoon session by reading a paper on British Columbia regulations governing fruit shipments, pointing out the advantages to the grower and the buyer.

John A. Miller, general agent freight department Great Northern railroad, discussed the transportation of fruit products with particular reference to the relation of the railroads to the fruit industry.

Ben. E. Harrison, of East Sound, Wash., read a paper on "Co-operation Among Horticultural Societies," which aroused much interest.

Canadian Regulations Explained

Maxwell Smith, the Dominion fruit inspector, then explained the Canadian law requiring fruit to be graded and packages marked and presented a rough draft of a bill to be introduced in the United States congress. A resolution was adopted favoring the passage of the bill. It provides for the proper grading of fruit and the marking of packages so that the contents of any box can be told, and penalties for failing to comply. The law in Canada has been a great protection to fruit growers and consumers alike.

Many subjects were taken up at the night session, the speakers including merchants, scientific horticulturists and practical growers of fruit.

J. B. Powell, of Seattle, addressed the meeting on the Alaskan market and its requirements. He said the merchants of Western avenue, this city, shipped annually $700,000 worth of fruit and vegetables to Alaska. Formerly this trade went to San Francisco for fruit. He favored copying the California regulations for grading fruit.

Future of Walnut Culture

Col. Dorsch read a paper on walnut culture in the Pacific Northwest, which, he declared, had attained the dignity of a horticultural pursuit. The walnut, he said, is adapted to the soil, climate and natural conditions of Oregon, Idaho, Washington, Montana and Wyoming. He declared that the walnut crop in the near future would rival even the apple crop in value and volume. The United States imports 20,000,000 pounds of walnuts a year, and the aperage price is 17 cents per pound. Many times this quantity can be raised in the Pacific Northwest.

A. J.L inville read a paper on packing fruit, which he said should be done in an attractive way and produce a good effect on the market.

Prof. Henderson, of Idaho, in charge of the university horticultural station at Moscow, and W. S. Thornber, professor of horticulture at the Washington state college, discussed experiments and the treatment of plants for various diseases. These scientific men contributed one of the pleasing features ofthe night session.

Berry Raising

On the closing day of the convention, the first paper read one dealing with berry culture and marketing, by C. J. Stuart, of Monroe, Wash. Mr. Stuart is a pioneer of the berry growing indutsry in the Northwest, and has been closely identified with the growing and marketing of raspberries in California, Oregon and Washington for twenty years. He has fifty acres planted in berries at Monroe and last year he marketed 9,000 cases. He mentioned two systems of planting berries, the hill system and the continuous row, and said his observation has been that the hill system averaged a little less in yield, but with it the grower is able to cultivate both ways with the plow, thus avoiding hand cultivation, which is more expensive.

Mr. Stuart said commercial berry growing should be done in communities, as growers would then be sure of a cannery being located conveniently to handle their surplus. He believes that in the near future large plantations will be planted exclusively for raising canning berries. He said the berry produced in Western Washington has a finer flavor and is larger than that of any other section.

The Land of Better Fruit

"The Land of Better Fruit" was the subject assgined to President E. L. Smith, of the Association. He enumerated the fruit valleys of the Northwest, mentioning Hood River, Wenatchee, the Mosier district, Yakima, Methow, Chelan section, Okanogan, the Thompson, Similkameen and Middle Fraser sections, saying these valleys, extending north and south a distance of more than 500 miles, produce fruit of the temperate zone of intense color, large size and high quality.

The question of selecting a place of meeting was taken up. Yakima valley delegates yielded their claim to British Columbia, and when the vote was taken Vancouver received the unanimous vote of the meeting. This meeting will open December 9, 1907.

Election of Officers

Election of officers was then taken up with the following result:

President, E. L. Smith, Oregon, reelected; vice presidents, A. L. Mason, Oregon; Rev. F. Walden, Washington; Prof. E. L. Henderson, Idaho; J. B. Anderson, British Columbia; Secretary, Maxwell Smith, Vancouver-treasurer, W. J. Brander, Vancouver.

The report of the committee on awards for fruit exhibits was made, as follows: Wenatchee Valley Association, two silver cups for best packing and best display; Yakima valley, best five plates, bronze cup; Ellensburg Fruit Growers' Association, exhibit of Kittitas valley fruit, bronze cup for best pears.

M'MILLIN RESIGNS AS RAILROAD COMMISSIONER

Seattle, Jan. 21.—John S. McMillin has tendered his resignation to Gov. Mead as a member of the board of railroad commissioners and the governor has accepted it. The vacant place is offered to former Gov. John H. McGraw, the tender of the appointment being made by wire to Mr. McGraw at the New Willard hotel, in Washington, D. C., where he now is.

Gov. McGraw Declines the Place

Washington, Jan. 22—Former Gov. McGraw has sent a telegram to Gov. Mead informing him that on account of private business interests it would be impossible for him to accept the appointment on the state railroad commission.

To Curb Colorado River

Washington, Jatn. 22.—The senate comittee on arid lands has authorized Senator Flint to report favorably, with modifications, his bill providing for the repair of damage caused by the diversion of the waters of the Colorado river inS outhern California into the Salton sea. The bill authorizes the expenditure of $2,000,000 for the improvement.

Tanana Mines Road Financed

Washington, Jan. 21.—The proposed extension of the Tanana Mines railroad has been financed in New York and sixteen miles of track will be laid during the coming summer. The line will be extended from Gilmore, the present terminus, to some point on Chatanika river. The survey will also be made for the proposed branch into the Tenderfoot country.

Successor to Judge Hatch

Olympia, Jan. 16.—Gov. Mead has appointed Lester Still, of Island county, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Judge George C. Hatch as superior judge of Clallam, Jefferson and Island counties.

HURRYING FOR EXPO

MILWAUKEE ROAD WILL TRY HARD TO REACH COAST.

President Earling Gives Out Statement That All Means Will Be Used to Be in Time for Big Business—To Build Cars on the Sound.

Tacoma, Jan. 21.—President A. J. Earling, of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company, announces officially that the passenger depot of hte Milwaukee road will be located at Twenty-fifth street and Pacific avenue. Mr. Earling also states ponsi'ively that the Milwaukee will not join the Northern Pacific in the erection of a union depot, although he admits that there is a possibility of the Union Pacific and the Milwaukee road using common passenger terminals.

Mr. Earling confirms the statement recently made that the Union Pacific is negotiating with the Milwaukee for the use of the Milwaukee's tracks between Tacoma and Seattle, although he said no definite agreement had as yet been reached.

Talks Frankly of Plans

President Earling talked frankly concering his plans with reference to Tacoma, and the only questions he declined to discuss were those of the construction of branch lines from Tacoma to other points and the relative importance of Tacoma and Seattle with reference to the Milwaukee terminals.

"The freight cars used by the Milwaukee railroad will be built in this section," stated Mr. Earling. "We cannot positively announce that Tacoma will secure these shops, but a plant of sufficient size to construct all our freight cars will be built on the Sound. This is where lumber comes from and the cars can be built cheaper here than elsewhere."

When Work Will Begin Here

"As soon as the weather breaks and the climate is such that the work can be rushed ahead without interruption, operations will be commenced upon the tidelands in Tacoma, and when the necessary filling and grading has been done the big warehouses on the waterfront, the freight depots and the switch yards will be built. This work will be very extensive, in proportion to our large ownings of terminal property, including about 170 acres of tide lands possessing deepwater frontage."

"In view of the scarcity of labor, what means will the Milwaukee railroad employ to secure laborers," Mr. Earling was asked.

"We will have to import all of these workmen from the East. We shall need several thousand men, but will not import any Japanese laborers or men from other foreign countries. The railroad will be built by Americans and we intend bringing all the men from the East that we can secure."

Hurrying for the Exposition

"Will the railroad be in position to handle passenger traffic in time for the Alaska Exposition?" Mr. Earling was asked.

"We are bending all our energies in that direction, and if it is possible to have the railroad in operation we shall do so. The work will progress as fast as the supply of labor and materials will permit."

SEATTLE MAN TO BE LAND COMMISSIONER

Washington, Jan. 21.—The president has sent to the senate the nomination of R. A. Ballinger, of Seattle to be commissioner of the general land office. The appointed was offered to Judge Ballinger some days ago and was at first not looked upon favorably. His former classmate and friend, James R. Garfield, soon to become secretary of the interior, wished to have him in the important office of land commissioner, and the president cordially entered into this plan. Senator Piles was consulted as a matter of courtesy and heartily gave his assent to the appointment.

For Compulsory News Service

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 23 —A bill has been introduced in the senate providing that press associations shall furnish their service to any paper in Kansas willing to pay for the same. The bill provides that if a press service is refused the state can order telephone and telegraph companies not to deliver the service of the offending press association to any paper in the state. The bill is aimed especially against the Associated Press, which maintains a monopoly in its news service in this state.

Offer Projectile for Saving Life

Washington, Jan. 21—George Murch and Albert Meyer, representing the Meyer-Rogers Projectile Company, of Seattle, are in Washington to nexgotiate for the use by the government of a life-saving projectile, of which they are owners. They will give a demonstration before the marine board and expect to convince the board of the excellence of their device.

President Signs Relief Bill

Washington, Jan. 21.—The senate passed the Jamaican relief bill immediately on its receipt from the house without discu ssion. The president has signed the measure.

Catarrh

Is a constitutional disease originating in impure blood and requiring constitutional treatment acting through and purifying the blood for its radical and permanent cure. The greatest constitutional remedy is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

In usual liquid form or in chocolated tablets known as **Sarsatabs.** 100 doses $1.

Nasal and other local forms of catarrh are relieved by Catarrlets, which allay inflammation and deodorize discharge. 50c.

Violet Oats

READ WHAT MRS. CHITWOOD SAYS:

Seattle, Wash., Jan. 18, 1907.

The Albers Bros. Milling Co.,

Dear Sirs:—Kindly mail me one of your pastels as per your offer on enclosed coupon.

I want to say that I consider that VIOLET OATS is the very best rolled oats on the amrket, and if people only knew by actual use how good it is, they would use no other.

We use a great deal of it in my family, and I want to congratulate a local people that get out such a superrior article. Very respectively,

MRS. MARY E. CHITWOOD, Jr.,
1003 Cherry street, Seattle, Wash.

Try it. Convince Yourself

Investigate the Opportunity

of investing in SEATTLE REAL ESTATE in sums of $100.00 and upwards. Splendid chance of doubling your money in six months.

Correspondence Solicited. Agents of ability and high standing wanted.

Citizens Trustee Co.

L. H. Gray, President,
S. F. Mott, Vice Pres. and Mgr.
H. S. Mott, Sec. and Treas.
103 YESLER WAY

Seattle, - - - Wash.

The time has long gone by when the relations of governments and peoples were determined by the personal attitude of their sovereigns and when ruling princes met and formed alliances or agreed upon a common course of action. Not even the German emperor, forceful as he is, could to-day lead Germany where Germany did not wish to go, and King Edward would not even attempt to shape the foreign policy of England.

Invigorate the Digestion.

To invigorate the digestion and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels there's nothing so good as that old family remedy, Brandreth's Pills, which has been in use for over a century. They cleans the blood and impart new vigor to the body. One or two every night for a week will usually be all that is required. For Constipation or Dyspepsia, one or two taken every night will in a short time afford great relief.

Brandreth's Pills are the same fine laxative tonic pill your grandparents used and being purely vegetable are adapted to every system.

Sold in every drug and medicine store, either plain or sugar coated.

Bjones—Why the grouch? Psmith—My wife called me a fool Bjones—Cheer up, it may not be true. Psmith—But it is. She proved it. Went and dug up a bunch of my old love letters, and read 'em to me.—Cleveland Leader.

"I can marry a rich girl whom I do not love, or a penniless girl whom I love dearly. Which shall I do?" "Follow your heart, man, and be happy. Marry the poor one. And, say—er—would you mind introducing me to the other?"—Cleveland Leader.

For Lung Troubles

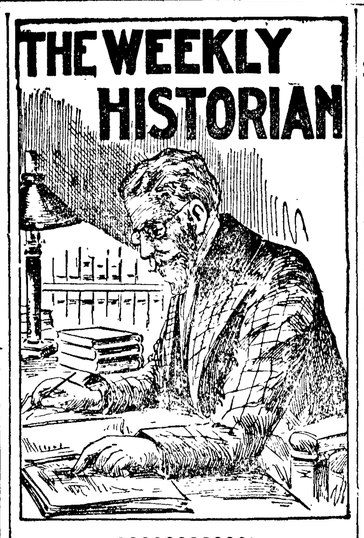
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral certainly cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, consumption. And it certainly strengthens weak throats and weak lungs. There can be no mistake about this. You know it is true. And your own doctor will say so.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of
Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. HAIR VIGOR.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

Keep the bowels regular with Ayer's Pills and thus hasten recovery.



1606—Sara Constant, Godspeed and Discovery, sailed from England for Virginia.

1620—Plymouth, Mass., founded.

1621—English Commons claimed freedom of discussion.

1686—Sir Edmund Andros reached Boston as Governor of New England.... William of Orange entered London.

1719—First issue of Boston Gazette.

1745—Prince Charles Edward, son of James III. of England, won battle at Penrith.

1777—Washington hoved his troops to Valley Forge.

1807—Napoleon published Milan decree ....Embargo laid by Congress on American ships.

1813—Fort Niagara taken by the British.

1814—Treaty of Ghent, between Great Britain and America signed.

1838—London and Greenwich railway, first line in London, opened.

1846—Col. Doniphan, in command of 1,000 Misouri volunteers, defeated force of Mexicans at Braceti.

1847—Arab chief, Abd-el-Kader, surrendered to the French.

1854—Steamer Westmoreland sunk in Lake Michigan; 17 lost.

1856—Hugh Miller, famous English geologist, committed suicide.

1860—South Carolina seceded from the Union.

1861—Battle of Drainsville, Va....Stone fleet sunk in Charleston harbor.

1862—Confederates recaptured Holly Springs, Miss., taking the garrison prisoners.

1864—First bombardment of Fort Fisher ....Gen. Sherman entered city of Savannah.

1871—President Grant issued proclamation abolishing discriminating duties on Spanish imports....Fourth National bank of Philadelphia failed.

1872—Second trial begun of Edward S. Stokes for murder of James Fisk, Jr ....Barnum's museum, New York City, destroyed by fire.

1880—Electric street lighting introduced in New York.

1890—Isaac Sawtelle convicted at Dover, N. H., of murder of his brother Hiram.

1891—Collision on Hudson River railroad at Hastings, N. Y.; 14 killed.... The Guion steamship Abyssinia burned at sea.

1894—First Parish councils elected in London.

1902—Wireless message sent across the Atlantic.

1903—East river bridge opened.

1905—Great strike in St. Petersburg.

American Standards Analyzed.

Justice Brewer of the United States Supreme Court, in an address on the larger and higher life of the nation, at New Rochelle, N. Y., paid us the usual compliment of being a Hercules among nations, saying facetiously that if we didn't have a Hercules club, we at least possessed a big stick at Washington, but this was not enough. Those responsible for the country's future must ask, "What are the ideals of the nation?" Are we seeking only material development, or are we striving for the higher life?" He referred to our pride in a big navy and the ostentation of our cities over their buildings, houses, art galleries and libraries bought by the cubic yard. He believed the nation was running deeper into debt each year. Quoting Washington's farewell address, he said he was one who didn't rejoice in a great national debt. Nevertheless he thought that the growth of intellectual spirit was leavening the crudeness of the people.

A Solid Floating Foundation.

A writer in the Technical World Magazine tells of a new engineering device, invented by William E. Murray of Los Angeles, Cal., by means of which it is possible to build in the open sea structures that usually require solid rock foundations, such as breakwaters, lighthouses, forts, bridges, etc. These will remain perfectly steady, no matter how turbulent the surface of the sea may be. This result is obtained by immersing the floating structures deep down in the still waters in such a way that the surface vibration cannot affect them. The simplest form is a hollow upright cylinder of iron, with a broad projecting flange. This base will act as a lever to counteract any horizontal pressure at the top. In this way it is hoped that torpedo stations may be placed far out to sea, forming an impenetrable barrier to an attacking fleet. Again, it is proposed to thus erect floating wharves, which would rise and fall with the tide.

Mrs. Sage's University Gift.

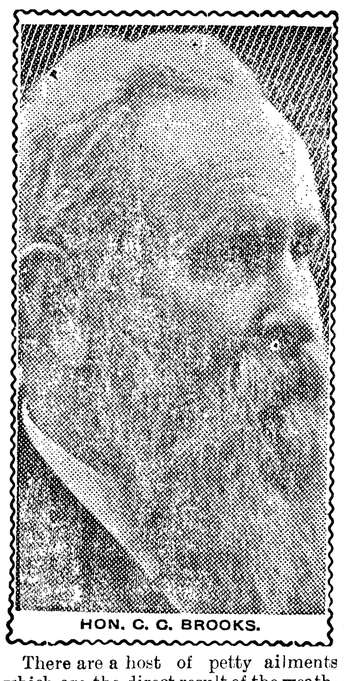
Chancellor MacCracken of the New York university announces that Mrs. Russell Sage had transferred to the university title to fifteen acres of land adjoining the university grounds, valued at $300,000. This will increase the campus to thirty-seven acres, and will enable the chancellor to carry out his great project of grouping a number of colleges in a great quadrangle. The summer school next year will be enlarged. At present this university has 286 instructors and 2,524 students.

MAYOR OF SUNBURY

Says Pe-ru-na Is a Good Medicine.

Hon. C. C. Brooks, mayor of Sunbury, Ohio, also attorney for Farmers' bank and Sunbury Building and Loan Co., writes:

"I have the utmost confidence in the virtue of Peruna. It is a great medicine. I have used it and I have known many of my friends who have obtained beneficial results from its use. **I cannot praise Peruna too highly."**



HON. C. C. BROOKS.

There are a host of petty ailments which are the direct result of the weather.

This is more true of the excessive heat of summer and the intense cold of winter, but it is partly true of all seasons of the year.

Whether it be a cold or a cough, catarrh of the head or bowel complaint, whether the liver be affected or the kidneys, the cause is very liable to be the same.

The weather slightly deranges the mucous membranes of the organs and the result is some functional disease.

Peruna has become a standby in thousands of homes for minor ailments of this sort.

Ask your Druggist for Free Peruna Almanac for 1907.

Dr. Powers, of the Agricultural Department, avers it is vanity that brings about the increased cost of living. Oh, vanity, thy name is butter and eggs.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

"John," said Mrs. Worthington at the supper table the other evening, "I read in the paper to-day of a man who had one wife too many; the rest of the article was missing. How many wives do you suppose the man had?" "One, probably."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Miss Dubley—She was braggin' about how successful her dinner party was. She said it wound up "with great eclaw." What's "eclaw," anyway? Miss Mugley—Why, I guess that was the dessert. Didn't you never eat a chocolate eclaw?—Philadelphia Press.

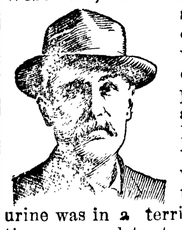
"Our Henry's doin' real well in town," said Mrs. Wayback, proudly. "He's runnin' a hotel now an' it's a big one." "Land's sakes!" exclaimed Mrs. Korntop. "Yes. Got a letter from him this mornin', an' he sez:.'I'm a hotel runner now, an' it's a real swell place.'"—Philadelphia Press.

It is said that the number of young men who are entering colleges with the intention of studying for the ministry is smaller than ever before for a long term of years. There is no mystery about this. The reason is as plain and as hideous as a big signboard in a pleasant meadow. The ministry as a profession does not offer to the young man the financial "inducements" that may be found in other professions or in the broad highway of the specialist. That is the reason. There is no other explanation for the shortage of theological students. It is a question of cash. When a young man with strong religious tendencies makes up his mind to study engineering, electricity, forestry, mechanics, medicine, law or almost any of the branches which will fit him to take part in the great industrial world, do not wonder that he has not taken up the ministry. Look for the reason to the congregations he might serve and see it in the fact that as a rule ministers of the gospel are paid beggarly salaries.

AWFUL ATTACKS OF PAIN.

A Most Dreadful Case of Kidney Trouble and How It Was Cured.

Thomas N. McCullough, 321 South Weber St., Colorado Springs, Colo., says: "For twelve or fifteen years I was suffering frequent attacks of pain in the back and kidneys that lasted for three weeks at a time. I would be unable to turn in bed. The urine was in a terrible condition, at times a complete stoppage occurring. I began with Doan's Kidney Pills, and soon felt better. Keeping on, I found complete freedom from kidney trouble. The cure has been permanent; I owe my good health to Doan's Kidney Pills."



Sold by all dealers, 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

"Remember, the eyes of the public are upon you." "Yes," answered Senator Sorghum, "that's what worries me. A man is so closely watched in these times that he can't get away with anything."—Washington Star

Rollingstone Nomoss—When people has hydrophobia de very thought o' water makes 'em sick. Thirsty Thingumbob—Is dat so? I bet I've had it all me life an' didn't know what was de matter wid me.—Philadelphia Record.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY,

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

{SEAL}

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Every day or so the "largest ship in the world" is launched. The latest monster to be heralded as the largest is the Cunard liner Mauretania, which is larger by a thousand tons than its sister ship Luisitania, which was launched in June. But the dimensions of these fine ships are the same: seven hundred and ninety feet long and eighty-eight feet of beam.

PILES CURFD IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of itching, blind, bleeding or protruding piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

"American women are the best in the world," says Sir Thomas Lipton. All of which sounds good as a glittering generality, but Sir Thomas will get more grace in the newspapers when he is ready to particularize.

FITS St. Vitus' Dance and all Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ld., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The singer, at the end of the practice aria, panted heavily.

"I sang 196 notes that time," he said, "without once taking breath."

"Indeed! That must be a record."

"No. The record is held by Courtice Pounds. Pounds sang 316 notes without respiration in 1898. The record, previous to that, was held by Farinelli, with 300 notes. Norman Salmond has sung 287 notes in this way.

"It is wonderful what lungs trained singers have. The average man could hardly sing fifty notes without breathing, whereas to the singer 200 would be nothing."

OLD SORES FED AND KEPT OPEN

BY IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD

Whenever a sore refuses to heal it is because the blood is not pure and healthy, as it should be, but is infected with poisonous germs or some old blood taint which has corrupted and polluted the circulation. Those most usually afflicted with old sores are persons who have reached or passed middle life. The vitality of the blood and strength of the system have naturally begun to decline, and the poisonous germs which have accumulated because of a sluggish and inactive condition of the system, or some hereditary taint which has hitherto been held in check, now force an outlet on the face, arms, legs or other part of the body. The place grows red and angry, festers and eats into the surrounding tissue until it becomes a chronic and stubborn ulcer, fed and kept open by the impurities with which the blood is saturated. Nothing is more trying and disagreeable than a stubborn, non-healing sore. The very fact that it resists ordinary remedies and treatments is good reason for suspicion; the same germ-producing cancerous ulcers is back of every old sore, and especially is this true if the trouble is an inherited one. Washes, salves, nor indeed anything else, applied directly to the sore, can do any permanent good; neither will removing the sore with caustic plasters or the surgeon's knife make a lasting cure. If every particle of the diseased flesh were taken away another sore would come, because the trouble is in the blood, and the ***BLOOD CANNOT BE CUT AWAY.*** The cure must come by a thorough cleansing of the blood. In S. S. S. will be found a remedy for sores and ulcers of every kind. It is an unequalled blood purifier—one that goes directly into the circulation and promptly cleanses it of all poisons and taints. It gets down to the very bottom of the trouble and forces out every trace of impurity and makes a complete and lasting cure. S. S. S. changes the quality of the blood so that instead of feeding the diseased parts with impurities, it nourishes the irritated, inflamed flesh with healthy blood. Then the sore begins to heal, new flesh is formed, all pain and inflammation leaves, the place scabs over, and when S. S. S. has purified the blood the sore is permanently cured. S. S. S. is for sale at all first class drug stores. Write for our special book on sores and ulcers and any other medical advice you desire. We make no charge for the book or advice.

I was afflicted with a sore on my face of four years' standing. It was a small pimple at first but it gradually grew larger and worse in every way until I became alarmed about it and consulted several physicians. They all treated me but the sore continued to grow worse. I saw S. S. S. advertised and commenced its use and after taking it a while I was completely cured. My blood is now pure and healthy from the effect of S. S. S., and there has not been any sign of the sore since S. S. S. cured it. THOS. OWEN.
West Union, Ohio.

S.S.S.
PURELY VEGETABLE

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Some of the people of Guatemala want the United States to annex that country. Recent declarations from the chief magistrate indicate that the United States is not for the present at least going into the business of annexing trouble.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

Before long the students of geography will have to add a new river to the list of streams in Africa. The Duke of the Abruzzi, who has been exploring the region of the Mountain of the Moon, has found a river that is marked on no existing maps.

HOWARD E. BURTON, Assayer and Chemist, Leadville, Colorado. Specimen Prices; Gold, Silver, Lead, $1.00; Gold, Silver 75c; Gold, 50c; Zinc or Copper, $1. Cyanide Tests. Mailing Envelopes and full price list sent on application. Control and Umpire Work solicited. Reference: Carbonate National Bank

20 MULE TEAM BORAX

FREE BOOK.
It gives valuable information on the 1000 uses of 20-MULE TEAM BORAX in the Home, Farm and Dairy. Free on request.
20-Mule Team Borax for sale at all dealers. Sample and Souvenir Picture in colors, 5 cents and dealer's name. Pacific Coast Borax Co., Oakland, Cal.

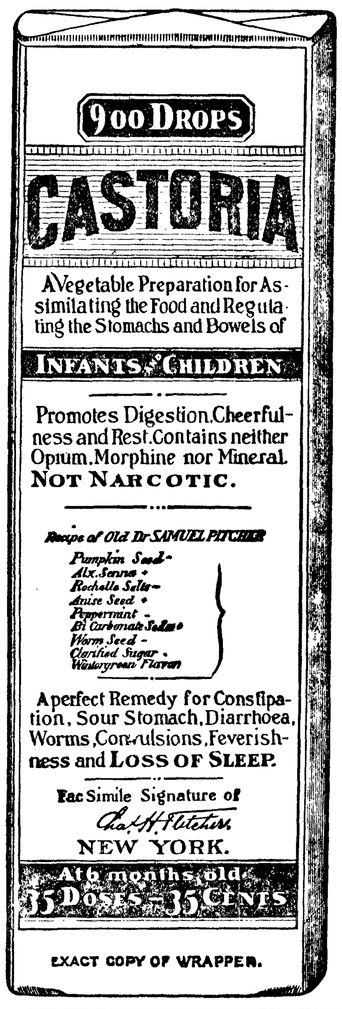
S. N. U. No. 5---1907

WHEN writing to advertisers please mention this paper.

What is Castoria.

CASTORIA is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.



EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. F. Gerald Blattner, of Buffalo, N. Y., says: "Your Castoria is good for children and I frequently prescribe it, always obtaining the desired results."

Dr. Gustave A. Eisengraeber, of St. Paul, Minn., says: "I have used your Castoria repeatedly in my practice with good results, and can recommend it as an excellent, mild and harmless remedy for children."

Dr. E. J. Dennis, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have used and prescribed your Castoria in my sanitarium and outside practice for a number of years and find it to be an excellent remedy for children."

Dr. S. A. Buchanan, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have used your Castoria in the case of my own baby and find it pleasant to take, and have obtained excellent results from its use."

Dr. J. E. Simpson, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I have used your Castoria in cases of colic in children and have found it the best medicine of its kind on the market."

Dr. R. E. Eskildson, of Omaha, Neb., says: "I find your Castoria to be a standard family remedy. It is the best thing for infants and children I have ever known and I recommend it."

Dr. L. R. Robinson, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria certainly has merit. Is not its age, its continued use by mothers through all these years, and the many attempts to imitate it, sufficient recommendation? What can a physician add? Leave it to the mothers."

Dr. Edwin F. Pardee, of New York City, says: "For several years I have recommended your Castoria and shall always continue to do so, as it has invariably produced beneficial results."

Dr. N. B. Sizer, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I object to what are called patent medicines, where maker alone knows what ingredients are put in them, but I know the formula of your Castoria and advise its use."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Krell Pianos at $410

5 per cent Discount for Cash or good paper, also sell on time payments.

We are independent dealers in Pianos, Organs and any other musical instruments and no agents for any particular manufacture.

Any Piano or Instrument you wish

to have will be furnished on short notice and at lower price than elsewhere.

Merit and Price are the two dominating factors

Why pay $150 more for a Steinway or Chickering when you can get just as good an instrument as there is for so much less.

The Celebrated

"Carpenter" Organ

is on its way to Angeles.

Headquarters for Edison Phonographs, Sheet Music, Violins, Banjos, Mandolins, Guitars.

Competent Piano and Organ Repairing and tuning at moderate price, also take orders for sheet music printing.

Goods are as represented or money refunded.

Angeles Music House

Wm. A. Lange, Manager.

Notice to Creditors

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County
In the matter of the Estate of Norman Govan, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration have heretofore issued out of the above entitled court to the undersigned, upon the Estate of Norman Govan, deceased

All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby required to present the same to the undersigned, with the necessary vouchers, at the offices of Trumbull & Trumbull, the attorneys for said estate, in the Aldwell Block, in the City of Port Angeles, Clallam County, Washington, within one year after the date of this notice, or the same will be barred.

Dated at Port Angeles, Washington, February 1, 1907.

Ethyl M. Govan, Administratrix.

Probate Notice.

No. 378.
In the Superior Court of Clallam County, State of Washington.
In the matter of the estate of Thomas V. Llewhlin, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, That Letters of Administration on the estate of Thomas V. Llewhlin, deceased, were granted to the undersigned, on the 26th day of January, 1907, by the Superior Court of Clallam County.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them to me for allowance at Forks, Clallam County, Wash., within twelve months after the date of this notice or they shall be forever barred.

Dated this the 26th day of January, 1907. JAMES M. KAY,
A. A. Richardson, Attorney. Administrator.

Epperson & Son

Contractors and Builders
Cabinet Work

27 Years Experience. Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Port Angeles, Washington

W. A. LEWIS
Contractor and Builder

Satisfaction Guaranteed
Port Angeles, Washington

NO GAME IN OLYMPICS

From 1st page.

promptly furnish full information to have the Olympic game reserve satisfactory to all concerned.

We have no desire to dispute the gentlemen in their claim that there is no game in the vicinity of "Iron Mountain," which is a spur of Mt. Constance, at the eastern edge of Clallam county and consequently a portion of the eastern fringe of the Olympics. Nor to cast any reflections upon Editor Phillips for intimating that the only scenery worth while in that region is that of the Cascades. We have often wondered, since our first trip there, what there was to cause a portion of those Seattle people who enjoy an outing in mountains, to visit Mt. Constance. Both scenery and hunting are far superior on Mt. Angeles, six miles south of town. If these gentlemen would spend a week or two in the heart of the Olympics, from ten to fifteen miles directly south of Port Angeles, a region only to be reached via the Elwha river, they would find the real big game country of the Peninsula and scenery that beggars description, compared to which the Cascade range, as seen from the fringe of the Olympics, pales to insignificance.

It occurs to us that this discussion in the Seattle Chamber of Commerce has happily brought out the true state of facts as to the inferiority of attractions offered by Mt. Constance for the first annual outing of the Seattle Mountaineers Club. This club has finally decided to give up the Lake Chelan country this year, their choice now resting between Olympus and Constance. The above testimony, freely given by Port Townsend people and El Comanche, should be convincing as to the undesirability of a trip to any of the foot hills surrounding the peerless Mt. Olympus.

The Commercial Club of Port Townsend, whose members are directly interested in the mining operations at Iron Mountain, has received the following reply from Congressman Jones, which would indicate that the only restrictions will be those applying directly to hunting and fishing. Similar letters were received from Humphrey and Cushman. Mr. Jones says:

House of Representatives, Jan. 22, 1907.—Mr. T. L. Monson, Sec. Commercial Club, Port Townsend.—My Dear Sir: Your favor of the 10th instant, with reference to a proposed game preserve in the Olympic mountains, at hand. There is absolutely nothing in this bill that changes the mining situation from what it has been ever since the forest reserve was established so that I do not think you need any fears in that respect. I would not myself endorse legislation that interfered with mining.

Very Sincerely Yours,
WESLEY L. JONES.

MRS. ANNA D. ELDARD.

Died, Jan. 26th, in this city, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Chas. H. MacGill, Mrs. Anna D. Eldard, aged 79 years, 6 months and 24 days.

Anna D. Lee was born in Newark, New Jersey, A. D. 1827. In 1849 she was married to Capt. Wm. H. Eldard of Long Island, N. Y. In 1853 she moved with her husband and two children to Trempealeau, Wis., where she resided until 1897, when, at the death of her husband, she removed to Madison, S. D., making her home with her daughter, Mrs. C. H. MacGill, until the latter came to Port Angeles some four years ago; since which time "Grandma" made her home with another daughter, in Couer d' Alene, Idaho, to which place Mr. and Mrs. MacGill took the remains for interment. Of her eight children four survive her, namely: Mrs. Henry Johnson, Britlon, N. D.; Mrs. F. W. Raymond, Litchville, N. D.; Mrs. H. W. Fintzel, Couer d' Alene, Idaho, and Mrs. Chas. H. MacGill of Pine Hill, this city. While Grandma had been ailing for some days, the end came very suddenly after a confinement to her bed of only one day. Her daughter, Mrs. MacGill and two grand-daughters, Mrs. S. S. Lovejoy and Miss Flora MacGill were at her bedside when she died. *

We wish to extend our heart felt thanks to the friends who so kindly assisted us during the time of our bereavement,
Mr. & Mrs. C. H. MacGill & Daughter,
Mr. & Mrs. S. S. Lovejoy.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect it.

How To Find Out.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

What To Do.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes.

You may have a sample bottle and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention this paper and don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y.

Home of Swamp-Root.

The Sedro-Woolley Courier sizes up the situation in Skagit county thusly: When a fellow gets into the court house at Mt. Vernon, there's no telling when he'll emerge therefrom. The feed at the public crib is too easily secured to admit of its relinquishment so long as one can hold on by his eyebrows. When, by the statute of limitation, a county official can no longer hold his office he accepts a clerkship in the court house and it is presumed that the arrangement is that, when his boss can't hold the job longer he will again bob up as a candidate while the other will accept the clerkship, and so on, ad libitum. This isn't exactly perpetual motion, but it's mighty like it.

Representative Morse of Island county has promised to donate twenty acres of land in San Juan county as a site for a new soldier's home. A bill will be introduced providing for the establishing for a new soldiers' home to take the place of the one at Orting, which was branded by members of the house committee on military affairs as a disgrace to the state.

A. J. Earling, president of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad, who, with a party of Chicago capitalists, has been going over the territory to be tapped by his lines now building in this state, did not get down to Angeles as predicted by some. Instead, Mr. Erling with his party, left Seattle last Friday on their return trip to Chicago.

CHURCH SERVICES.

St. John's Lutheran Church.—Services both morning and evening. German services at 11 o'clock; English at 7:30. Sunday school at 10:00. The literature for the English classes has arrived and parents are urged to send their children regularly.

Congregational Church.— Morning topic, "A Great Christian Enterprise." Evening: Monthly Union Meeting at Cong'l church at 7:30. Sermon by Rev. Mr. Edwards. Special music; organ played by Professor Lange; solo by Mrs. Troy.

Our new, reduced prices, on our absolutely pure maple syrup, is 50c the quart. 90c the ½ gallon and $1.75 the gallon. The Seavers Cash Store.

Nearly every person who is subject to attacks from the stomach suffers from a morbid dread of a dietetic treatment for relief, that is three fourths starvation, and one-fourth toast and milk. On the other hand you can eat as you please and digest the food by the aid of a good digestant, thus giving the tired stomach equally as much rest. Eat what you please and take a little Kodol for Indigestion after your meals. It digests what you eat. Sold by C.E. Nailor & Co.

B.P.O.E.—Naval lodge No. 353, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, at Haning Hall on Front st., bet: Laurel and Lincoln sts. Visitors cordially invited. RAY MCLAUGHLIN, Ex. Ruler
E. D. ELLIOTT, Secretary.

I.O.O.F—Clallam Lodge, No. 72, meets every Monday evening at I.O.O.F. hall
F. N. CLOUKIE, N. G.
[illegible], Secretary.

Notice of Sale of Real Estate.

Pursuant to an order of the Board of County Commissioners of Clallam County, State of Washington, duly made in regular session on the 8th day of January, 1907, and duly entered on their minutes directing the Auditor to give notice of sale in the manner prescribed by law of the following described real estate, to-wit:

Lot One (1) Block Thirty-six of Norman R. Smith's Subdivision of the Townsite of Port Angeles, in Clallam County, Washington.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that on Saturday the 16th day of February, A. D. 1907, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon of said date, the Sheriff of said County and State will sell the above described property.

Said sale will take place at the front door of the court house at Port Angeles, in said County and State, and will be at public auction, for cash in hand, to the highest and best bidder.

Dated at Port Angeles, Washington, this 15th day of January, A. D. 1907.

[SEAL.] N. M. HAWKINS,
Auditor, Clallam County, Wash.
First publication Jany. 18th, 1907.

SUMMONS.

"In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County.
J. A. Ellingson, Plaintiff,
vs.
Amelia Ellingson, Defendant.

The State of Washington to the said Amelia Ellingson, Defendant. You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the first publication of this summons to wit: within sixty days after the 12th day of January 1907, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorneys at their office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, a copy of which has been filed with the Clerk of the above mentioned Court.

The above action is brought to obtain a decree of divorce dissolving the bonds of matrimony existing between the above mentioned plaintiff and defendant on the grounds of incompatibility of temper.

Gilliam & Gilliam,
Attorneys for plaintiff,
311 Peoples Saving Bank Bldg., Seattle, Washington.

Notice of Settlement of Final Account.

No. 206.
In the Superior Court of Clallam County, State of Washington
In the matter of the estate of Ole Nordell, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, That Alf A. Davis, Administrator of the estate of Ole Nordell, deceased, has rendered and presented for settlement to, and filed in the Superior Court of Clallam County, State of Washington, his Final Account as such Administrator; and that Saturday the 2nd day of March, 1907 at 10 o'clock A. M., at the court room of our said Superior Court, in the City of Port Angeles, in said Clallam County, has been duly appointed by our said Superior Court, for the settlement of the Final Account, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and file his exceptions in writing to the said final account, and contest the same.

Witness, the Hon. Lester Still, Judge of the Superior Court, and (SEAL) the Seal of said Court affixed this 26th day of January, A. D. 1907.

E. A. FITZHENRY,
County Clerk and Clerk of the Superior Court.
A. A. Richardson, Attorney.

NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE

Cause No. 2268.
In the Superior Court of the State of Washington for Clallam County.
George Nicholas, plaintiff, vs. George Johnson, defendant.

Under and by virtue of Order of Sale issued out of and under the seal of the Superior Court of the State of Washington, holding terms at Port Angeles, in and for said county, on the 24th day of January, A. D. 1907, upon a judgment rendered in said court on the 24th day of January, A. D. 1907, in favor of George Nicholas and against George Johnson, for the sum of eight hundred and twenty-three ($823.05) and 5-100 Dollars, together with attorney's fees, interest, costs, and increased costs, and to me directed and delivered, commanding me to sell the following described property to satisfy said judgment, to-wit:

Lots No. 19 (nineteen) and 20 (twenty) in Block 131 (one hundred and thirty-one) of the Port Angeles Townsite Reserve.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, That on Saturday, the 2nd day of March, A. D. 1907, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, I will sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment, together with attorney's fees, interest, costs and increased costs, in all amounting to the sum of ($867.86) Eight hundred sixty-seven and 86-100 Dollars.

Said sale will take place at the front door of the court house at Port Angeles, in said county and state, and will be at public auction, for cash in hand to the highest and best bidder.

Dated at Port Angeles, Wash., this 25th day of January, A. D. 1907.

A. J. COSSER, Sheriff.
Date of first publication Feb. 1.

FOR SALE—Young Pigs from $3.00 up. One Durham Bull Calf, 3 months old. One Durham Bull, 1 year old, full blood, One Chester White Boar, 2 years old. regestered.
Apply to L. B. Thomson, Elwha

NOTICE OF SALE OF REAL ESTATE BY THE TREASURER OF CLALLAM COUNTY

State of Washington, County of Clallam. } s. s.

Notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of an order of the Board of County Commissioners of Clallam County, State of Washington, made pursuant to the Laws of the State, and dated December 10th, 1906, I shall, on the 6th day of February, 1907, at the hour of 10 A. M., at the front door of the County Court House, situated in the City of Port Angeles, said County and State, sell the hereinafter described Lands and Lots acquired by said County at Tax Sale for delinquent taxes to the highest and best bidder for cash, Gold Coin of the United States of America, to wit:

DESCRIPTION.

Central Addition to the Townsite of Port Angeles.
Lots 3 and 4 block 2
" 3 to 12 block 3
" 1 to 5 and 7 to 12 inc. block 4
All of blocks 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, and 20 (12 lots each.)

Electric Addition to the Townsite of Port Angeles.
Lots 22 and 23, 32, 33 and 34 block 1
" 1 to 11 inc. and 18 to 34 block 2

Ferrys Park Addition to the Townsite of Port Angeles.
Lots 11 to 44 inc. block 3
" 1 to 44 inc. all, block 4
" 1 to 44 inc. all, block 5
" 1 to 44 inc. all, block 6
" 1 to 6 inc. 28 and 29 to 44 inc, block 7

Forsland's Suburban Home Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 1, 3, 5, 6 and 7 (5 acres each)

Williams' Subdivision of Tracts 15 and 16 Croft's Addition to the Townsite of Port Angeles.
Lot 15 block 1

Findley's Addition to Port Crescent.
Lots 1 to 40 inc. all, block 1
" 1 to 40 inc. all, block 2
" 1 to 40 inc. all, block 3
" 1 to 40 inc. all, block 4
" 1 to 40 inc. all, block 5
" 1 to 40 inc. all, block 6.

Geo. H. Gale's 2nd Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 1, 2, 7, 11 and 12 block 3
" 11 and 12 block 4

Grant's Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 9, 10 and 19 block 25
Lot 7 block 28

Gay & Bickford's 1st Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 3 to 14 inc. block 1
" 1, 2, 5, 6, 8, 9, 14, 15 and 16 block 2
" 3 to 8 inc. block 3
" 10, 11, 12, 15, 16 and 21 to 26 inc. and 30 block 4
Lots 13 to 18 inc. and 20 to 32 inc. block 5
" 1 to 32 inc. all, block 6
" 5 to 32 inc. block 7
" 2, 3, and 4 and 10 to 32 inc. block 8
" 7 to 11 inc. and 17 to 27 inc. block 11.
Lots 1 to 5 inc. and 19 to 32 inc. block 12
" 1 to 18 inc. and 27 to 30 inc. block 13
" 1, 4 and 8 to 16 inc. and 22 to 28 inc. and 31 and 32 in block 14
" 1 to 16 inc. all, block 16
" 1 to 16 inc. all, block 17
" 3, 4, 7, 8, 13, 15 and 16 block 18

Goddyn's Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 4, 8, 9, 11, 17 and 20 block 1

Gladstone's Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 1 to 42 inc. all, block 1
" 1 to 42 inc. all, block 3

Harbor Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 3 to 10 inc. block 1
All of blocks 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18 (all 10 lots each.)
Lots 6 to 10 inc. block 19
All of blocks 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29 and 30 (10 lots each.)

Keliher's Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 2, 3, 6, 7, 10 and 11 block 2
" lots 2 and 3 block 4
" 1 to 12 inc. all, block 5
" 1 to 12 inc. all, block 6
" 2, 3 and 5 to 12 inc. block 7
" 1 to 12 inc. all, block 8
" 2, 3, 6, 7, 10 and 11 block 9
" 9, 10, 11 and 12 block 11
" 2, 3, 6, 7, 10 and 11 block 12
" 1 to 12 inc. all, block 13
" 1 to 4 inc. and 9 to 12 inc. block 14
" 1 to 8 inc. and 10 and 11 block 15
" 2, 3, 6, 7, 10 and 11 block 16
" 1 to 12 inc. all, block 17
" 1 to 12 inc. all, block 18
" 2 and 3 block 19
" 1 to 12 inc. all, block 20

Lawrence's Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 1, 4, 5, 7 and 12 to 18 inc. 20, 21, 22, 24, 27, 28, 31, 32 and 38 to 44 inc. and 48

Louis William's Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 1 to 30 inc. all, block 1
" 1 to 30 inc. all, block 2
" 1 to 15 inc. block 9

Leabe's Addition to Port Angeles.
Lots 11, 12, 13, 14, and 25 to 30 inc. and 34 to 43 inc. and 47 and 48 block 1
Lots 4 to 10 inc. and 20 to 24 inc. and 39 to 43 inc in block 2
Lots 1 to 10 inc. and 16 to 38 inc. block 3
" 1 to 19 inc. 23 and 25 to 43 inc. block 5
Lot 1 to 38 inc. block 6

McGill's Addition to Port Angeles
Lots 29 to 41 inc, block 2
Lot 5, block 4.
Lots 16 to 39 inc. block 6.
Lots 4, 5, 6 and 7, and 15 to 42 inc, blk 7
Lots 46 to 51 inc, block 7.

Mallette's Addition to Port Angeles
Lots 1, 3, 4, 5 and 7 to 12 inc. block 4
Lots 23 and 24, block 5
Lot 3, block 6.
Lots 18 to 24, block 7
Lots 7 and 8, block 8.
Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12 and 22, blk 13.
Lots 3 to 7 inc and 11 and 12, blk 14
Lots 1 to 8 inc, 11, 12, 15, 16 and 17, blk. 15.

Township 29 North, Range 3 West W.M.
Se qr ne qr, sec. 25.

Township 30 North, Range 5 West W.M
Nw qr nw qr, sec. 15.
S½ s½ nw qr nw qr, sec 19.
Nw qr sw qr, sec 29.
E½ se qr se qr, sec. 18.
Se qr ne qr and sw qr ne qr, sec. 33
Ne qr se qr and w½ se qr se qr, sec 33.
Se qr, sec 34.
Ne qr nw qr and sw qr nw qr, sec 35.
Ne qr se qr and nw qr se qr, sec 35.

Township 30 North, Range 6 West, W.M.
1 acre in nw qr sw qr, sec 13
Und. ½ of w ½ ne qr ne qr ne qr, sec 23.
5 acres in nw cor of ne qr ne qr, sec 23.
Und ½ of e½ se qr nw qr, sec 28
Und ½ of sw qr se qr nw qr, sec 28.
Und ½ of s½ nw qr se qr nw qr, sec 28
24 acres in ne qr ne qr, sec 31.
24 acres in nw qr ne qr, sec 31.
Ne qr ne qr ne qr, sec 32.
Nw qr nw qr, sec 32.
Se qr ne qr ne qr and nw qr ne qr, sec 33
Nw qr se qr, sec 34.
Se qr se qr, sec 34.
Sw qr se qr, sec 34.
S½ ne qr se qr, sw qr, sec 34.
W½ se qr sw qr, sec 34.
Se qr se qr sw qr, sec 34.
Sw qr sw qr, sec 34.
Sw qr nw qr ne qr, sec 35.

Dated this 11th day of Jan., 1907
W. E. BURNSIDE,
Treasurer of Clallam County, Wash.

Notice and Summons by Publication.

No. 403.
Freida Jacobson plaintiff,
vs.
J. Y. C. Kellog

and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming an interest or estate in and to the hereinafter described real property defendants.

State of Washington to J. Y. C. Kellog, who are the owners, or reputed owners, of, and all persons unknown, claiming or having an interest or estate in the hereinafter described real property.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff,

Freida Jacobson

is the holder of a delinquent tax certificate No. 2158 issued by the treasurer of Clallam county, Washington, embracing the following real property situated in Clallam county, Washington, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Lots ninety-seven (97) in block four (4) and lots one hundred and eleven (111) and one hundred and twenty-one (121) in block six (6) all in 1st division Kellog's plat of Clallam.

That said certificate was issued on the 27th day of December 1906, for the sum of $8.52 for the delinquent taxes for the years 1901, 1902, 1903, 1904 & 1905; which several sums bear interest at the rate of fifteen per cent per annum from said date of payment.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this notice and summons, exclusive of the day of said first publication to-wit, within sixty days after the 25th day of January, 1907, and defend the above entitled action or pay the amount of the taxes due, together with the costs, penalties and interests; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered foreclosing said tax lien for such taxes, penalties, costs and interest against said lands and premises hereinbefore mentioned.

Freida Jacobson, plaintiff
Wm. Ritchie, attorney for plaintiff.
Post Office address Port Angeles, Clallam county, Washington.
Date of first publication January 25th 1907.

Lots for Sale Cheap

Lots 7 to 10, block 8, 1 to 5, 7 and 9 to 12, block 7, Syndicate Add., at $35 each.

Lots 1 to 19, and 22 to 30, block 8; all blk. 9; lots 8 to 10 and 15, block 16; all blk. 19, Union Pacific First add., at $5 each.

Lot 1, 7 to 9, 12, blk. 2, Syndicate Second add. Lots 11 and 12, and 35 to 50, block 1, 3 to 7, 21 to 25, 28 to 32, 39 to 46, 49, 50, blk. 2 of Subd. of Blks 28 and 29, Railway add., at $5 each.

May Hall

VALENTINES

We have as usual a large line of the latest in Fancy and Comic Valentines.

See our windows for the LATE FOLDING NOVELTIES in Fancy Valentines.

Prices from 5c to 3.00 each.

Small Drop Valentines

Suitable for sending in letters and distant mailing. A large and varied assortment at 10 and 15c each.

See our windows.

C. E. NAILOR & CO.

PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS

Phone 41. Mail Orders Are Solicited.

Mrs. Phebe Lyster, who is Mrs. Lyster Jr., will sew by the day. Address box 491.

All dress goods, furs, coats, suits and hats are still on sale at Mrs. Phelps at clearing prices.

Mrs. M. J. Carrigan returned from a visit with Mr. Carrigan in Seattle on Tuesday last.

G. V. Smith returned Tuesday from Olympia where he was engaged on legal matters for the city.

"Kow Kure" is for The Cow. "Korn Kinks" is for the Family. Both for sale at Seevers Cash Store.

Misses Ella and Ruth Holm, who have been here several weeks on a visit with their uncle, C. A. Bork, returned to their home at Silverdale Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Bork were happily reunited in marriage at their home on Sunday evening last, the ceremony being performed by C. W. Fields, J. P., in the presence of relatives and a few intimate friends.

Mandolin Club and Tuition.

See Miss Lyda Lange about same at the Angeles Music House.

PHONES

Market 8. Residence 162-3

Schott Brothers

wholesale and retail dealers in

Fresh and Salt Meats

Poultry & Vegetables

Orders by Phone or the Children receive prompt attention and satisfaction is guaranteed

West Front St., Port Angeles

Have you seen the

Elegant Boxes

of Fine Candies in our windows?

They are to be sold on the co-operative plan.

Goldwater Bros.

Phone 3

Folding chairs to let at Bakers.

New line stock collars at Mrs. Phelps.

"Toasted Corn Flakes" 15c or 2 for 25c at Seevers Cash Store.

A finely finished dresser, long mirror, five drawers, will be sold at a bargain at Bakers.

Port Angeles Aerie, Independent Order Eagles, will observe its tenth anniversary on February 9th, with an Old Time Social.

If your boys need a suit of clothes, there is no reason who they couldn't get a snap at the clearing sale at S.J. Lutz & Co.'s.

Seevers' Cash Store—just around the corner, in the new "Aldwell" Block—agents for the well known and popular Coffee "Barrington Hall."

You may find just a fit in our 50c line of shoes for the little ones. Great variety of styles, odds and ends of lots we want to close out. S. J. Lutz & Co.

The Krell pianos used at the Lange concert made a beautiful appearance on the stage, they are plain but rich, and possess a wonderful even tone.

Port Angeles is probably the only town in the northwest possessing an absolutely burglar proof city jail, each marshal having his own lock and key placed thereon, evidently in a determination to keep undisturbed the dust of those sacred precincts.

Good second-hand ranges and stoves at Bakers.

Nice line nickle plated copper kettles and boilers just in at Bakers.

A new stock of

Faultless Malleable Steel Ranges

Just received. We have them with four or six holes and with or without reservoirs.

Body and oven made of best quality cold-rolled polished steel. Frames, doors, tops, etc., of highest grade refined malleable iron. Double lined with heavy abestos and extra steel plates. The malleable iron alone costs more than entire material in many so-called "high grade" steel ranges.

Construction is air tight thruout, use of malleable iron admits of tight riveting, while other ranges are merely drawn together with bolts. Entire front one piece. Top 29 by 51 inches ground and polished. Large pouch feed. Takes 24 inch wood. Oven 13 by 22; absolutely air tight.

Reservoir heavy copper; three times capacity of other ranges. Furnished with water front, water back or water coil.

R. D. Wilson Hardware Co.

NEW STONE BUILDING

Egg-O-See 10c the package at Seevers Cash Store.

"Apitego" 10c the package at Seevers Cash Store.

Mrs. Carusi is entertaining her friend, Mrs. Will Church of Seattle.

"Korn Kinks" 5c the package at Seevers Cash Store.

New Pearl Belt Buckles, a variety of styles, 25c to $1.25. Mrs. Phelps.

Sewing by day, or at residence, upstairs, next to Goldwater Bros. Mrs. S. M. Lyster.

Good line of dining chairs at Bakers Second-hand Store. Also iron beds and spring cots.

The ladies of the Thimble Club were very pleasantly entertained by Mrs. Billy Moore Thursday afternoon.

The Musical Club will meet at the home of Mrs. Delabarre Monday, Feb. 4th. Composers, Dudley Buck, Gottschalk.

Walter Thomas Mills of Seattle will give one of his lectures on Socialism at Haning Hall, Wednesday, Feb. 6th.

Special overcoat sale now on at S. J. Lutz & Co.'s. An opportune time to get a splendid coat at 25 per cent reduction.

Lou Thompson is putting on the local market a few of his Durham steers, fine fat animals 3½ years old weighing 750 lbs each.

The Industrial Workers of the World will give one of their popular dances at the opera house, Saturday, Feb. 16. All cordially invited. Gents, 50c; Ladies free.

The First National Bank is now located in their fine new corner room in the Aldwell block, one of the best and most up-to-date banking rooms in the state.

W. L. Clark, representative of the N. P. at Townsend was down Monday looking up a few opportunities for investment in the coming metropolis of the West Side.

The basket ball game advertised to be given by the High School girls has been postponed to the 15th of February, owing to a week's engagement of the opera house.

E. E. Fisher and P. Grubb returned from a fishing and hunting trip to Dungeness yesterday. Specimens of their catch, big steelhead trout, were on exhibition here.

Amateur photographers find the kind of photo goods that professional photographers use at Fulmer's Studio and one who understands using them will give instructions.

Herbert Baker is exhibiting a crab, caught off the Elwha by one of the Indians, that is over six inches high and two feet across, both shell and legs being covered with a mass of knobs.

Our regular fall and winter stock of overcoats, latest weaves and styles, is being closed out at 25 per cent. reduction. The best coats we have, regular $20 coat, now $14.25. S. J. Lutz & Co.

New stock of latest models in F. P. Corsets, the newest of fashion's creations, up to their usual high grade of excellence in material, workmanship and general details. At Mrs. Phelps' Dry Goods store.

For 20 days only we have put on sale a great variety of styles and grades in Ladies and misses shoes at 50 cts. per pair. They are broken lines, odd sizes we are closing out. The cheapest of them cost us over twice the money.

S. J. Lutz & Co

R. C. Button has bought the C. H. Currie irrigated tract on Seguin prairie and moved up there to make that place his future home; the location will be more central for his insurance line, as he will hereafter handle the business for two counties.

Frank R. Pierce, alias Lyster, and perhaps even better known as P.-L., left yesterday morning to take the City of Puebla for his former home in California. He will visit with his father at Redlands for a time and then expects to take a course at the Polytechnic School in Los Angeles. Mrs. Lyster accompanied him to Seattle for a few days' visit. Frank is one of the best hearted boys we ever knew, a willing worker, and having acquired considerable experience in the engineering line at the various plants about town, will doubtless take readily to the study of electrical work and make a success.

Lincoln Social.

An old fashioned Lincoln social will be given by the Ladies Guild of the Episcopal Church, Thursday evening, Feb. 7th, at the home of Mrs. John Morrisey on Fifth street. Music, games and refreshments. Admission 15c. Every one cordially invited.

Don't Put Off

Until tomorrow what you can do today. If you are suffering from a torpid liver, or constipation, don't wait until tomorrow to get help. Buy a bottle of Herbine and get that liver working right. Promptness about sickness saves many sick spells. "Mrs. Ida Graham, Point, Tex., writes: I used Herbine in my family for six years, and find it does all it claims to do."

Sold at Mathewson's Drug Store.

E. W. MERRILL & CO.

Phone 5

The Cup that Cheers but Does not Inebriate

What is better than a delicious cup of Tea?

Formosa Oolong per lb. 70c

Bohemia Spider Leg per lb. 60c

Wawona Spider Leg per lb. 50c

Lawrence Ceylon per lb. 50c

Good Spider Leg per lb. 35c

English Breakfast per lb. 25c

Fairly Good Gunpowder per lb. 25c

SCHILLINGS TEAS

English Breakfast

Japan

Ceylon

E. W. MERRILL AND CO.

PHONE 5

AT OPERA HOUSE

The Pringle Stock Co. will open an engagement for six nights and a matinee, starting Monday, Feb. 4th. Without a doubt Mr. Pringle has the strongest reportoire show in the northwest. The company is this time better equipped than ever before and will produce a line of comedies and dramas never before seen in Port Angeles. The opening bill will be the popular melo-drama, "Out In Idaho." This is a play that ranks above the average melo-drama. It contains the quintessence of the best portions of those stories that made Berte Harte so famous. It combines rich and sparkling comedy with pathos of the highest order in such a way that pleases the most fastidious. "Out In Idano" is a play true to western life in the early days, when the vigilants were the law makers. Reserved seats now on sale at Mathewson's drug store.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Johnson entertained about forty of their friends in a most delightful and hospitable manner, on last Tuesday evening, in their beautiful new home, which is one of the finest in the city. Whist furnished amusement until a late hour, when a dainty and toothsome luncheon then made a pleasant social hour pass swiftly by. Master Lyman Johnson favored the guests with several pleasing selections on the piano. Mr. Morris Fisher was the proud possessor of the gentleman's prize at whist, a beautiful leather necktie box; and Mrs. Love, mother of Mrs. Will Ware, was rewarded the ladies prize, a dainty embroidered pin cushion.

All the guests carried away with them the memory of a most pleasant evening with an ideal host and hostess. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson entertain again this evening.

A merry party of young people perpretrated a surprise party on Frank Lyster Wednesday evening, endeavoring, by a general good time, to drive away the shadow of gloom that, with the realization he was leaving this garden spot of earth for the sand deserts of California, had settled down on Frank like the black pall of night. Those who contributed to the jollification were Misses Fowler, Stakemiller, Donahue, Blair, Brant, Minnie and Belle Lange, Maud and Connie Hoare, Ruth Lyster and John Willson.

"Why, Muskett, the shipping agents tell me they are bringing you more goods every day. They could not make out the reason." I told them that we are at a very much reduced rent, saving $45 each month. The public can see they don't have to pay such high prices for goods, to pay such high rent, consequently they make their purchases at home. If we have a continuance of the trade, there will be no need for express companies as the towns people will trade at home, which they would have done years ago. But now the prices are down to eastern rates we will all see the difference this year. R. A. MUSKETT.

Even from the Mountains

Ballard's Snow Liniment is praised for the good it does. A sure cure for Rheumatism and all pains. Wright W. Loving, Grand Junction, Colo., writes "I used Ballard's Snow Liniment last winter, for Rheumatism and can recommend it as the best liniment on the market. I thought, at the time I was taken down with this trouble, that it would be a week before I could get about, but on applying your Liniment several times during the night, I was about in 48 hours and well in three days."

Sold at Mathewson's Drug Store.

WHOLESALE LIQUOR HOUSE

E. E. Day Will Furnish the Purest Liquors at Wholesale Prices.

E. E. Day, always enterprising and alive to the present opportunity, announces the opening, on or about February 1st, of a wholesale liquor house in the store room adjoining The Merchants on the west. He will carry a large line of the leading brands of fancy liquors, beers, etc., and proposes to make a special feature of family and county trade. All goods will be guaranteed of high standard and sold at wholesale prices, a specially low price being made on beer by the case. All orders phoned (Phone No. 4) before two o'clock will be delivered free the same day; orders received by mail will be carefully packed and promptly forwarded. Having spent a considerable sum in fitting up the rooms for the new venture, and proposing to furnish better and purer goods for less money than has heretofore been the custom in the county, Mr. Day deserves the patronage of all who use liquors for medicinal purposes or as a beverage.

A New Brand — of — **Fine Coffee**

Just Received.

Three grades—25, 35, and 40c. The cheapest high grade coffee on the market. Phone us for a trial order.

Hong, Young Co.

Ling Toy, Manager.

Phone 25.

Business Mens Lunch

from 12 to 2 o'clock

15c

WM. BUELL

ARCADE RESTAURANT

Pork Sausage

and Hamburg Steak

made fresh every morning, is one of our specialties. We are as careful in the selection of meat as you would be yourself.

F. E. POLLOW

where nothing but the best in meats goes.

Market next to Gray & Henderson's Phone 17.

EGGS From Pure Bred

Black Minorcas, S. Comb Brown Leghorns, Barred Plymouth Rocks, and Light Brahmas.

Also choice Black Minorca and S. C. Brown Leghorn Cockerels for sale.

W. A. LEWIS, Port Angeles Washington.

J. M. MARTIN

Launches, Row Boats & Skiffs and Dories

manufactured to order. Engines installed in boats. Boats kept in stock for sale.

Port Angeles, Washington.

THE LETTER I DID NOT SEND.

He was the friend of my boyhood,
My youth and my manhood's prime,
We had vowed to be ever faithful
To the end of our earthly time.
But somehow it happened we quarreled;
One word to another led;
And our eyes were flashing in anger
And bitter was all we said.

That night I wrote such a letter
As one might write to a foe,
And told him that never thereafter
Would I wish his presence to know;
We must pass each other as strangers,
Our lives henceforward apart;
And let him know that forever
I had torn him out of my heart.

Then I sought my bed, still raging,
But I courted slumber in vain;
The face of my more than brother
Rose before me ever again.
He was always so true beside me
And sharing all changes of life;
Our words had been always of loving
And never till now of strife.

And then our quarrel—what was it?
How did it ever befall?
Perhaps he was right—yes, I know it,
It was I in the wrong, after all.
Then I rose from my bed, took the letter,
And cast it into the fire;
And there saw it smolder in ashes;
And thus did my anger expire.

A fair morning shone on our meeting;
A look we could each understand
Had drawn us once more together
In a warm, firm grasp of the hand.
Not a word was said of our quarrel,
Again it was friend and friend,
Thank God that he never saw it—
The letter I did not send!
—Boston Globe.

The Watchman At Morton's Mills

NOW, Parsons," said the master of Morton's mills to his superintendent, "this matter of a watchman is a very serious one. I am sick and tired of this watchman business. Is it possible to get a really reliable man?"

"Mr. Morton," said Parsons, "I have outside now in the reception room a man who will, I believe, fill the bill. Look at his recommendations."

"Oh, recommendations don't go any more. They all have them."

"Well, look at his, Mr. Morton."

"Oho!" said Morton, as he glanced over the letter. "This is from my old friend, Johnston, who recently closed his factory and retired from business. It certainly does recommend this man John McGrath most highly. He was in their employment for eight years. Ask him to walk in."

"WHAT GUARANTY DO YOU GIVE ME?"

A wiry-looking, red-haired little Irishman, not over five feet six in height, entered the mill owner's office and stood like a soldier at attention.

Morton cast a quick but comprehensive glance at him and asked him to be seated. "You are John McGrath?"

"Yes, sir."

"How old?"

"Forty-five."

"H'm," said Morton, pensively. "Married or single?"

"Married, sir, about a year. I have a fine little boy, a month old; but the wife is ailing something bad, sir, and—"

"Yes, that's it!" broke in the mill owner, impulsively. "Always the way! There's always something! Now, see here, McGrath! I've had eight watchmen—or is it nine, Parsons?—in the last two years. Two were dishonest; two drank; one or two were neglectful; one always had a sick wife or child; one was beaten—poor fellow!—and nearly killed by that mysterious gang. I have been the sufferer all along. Last month alone we were robbed of over three thousand dollars' worth of merchandise. Now, you, McGrath, how are you going to do the work any better for me? You were with my old friend Mr. Johnston for eight years. That means a great deal, of course; but what guaranty have I of your being any better than the others?"

During this explosive tirade from Morton, McGrath with just the suspicion of a smile upon his humorous face, had listened attentively. "Well, sir," said he, "I'm a little man; I saw you take that in when I entered the room. But that has never stopped me. I'm forty-five years old, but that shouldn't stop me. I've got here me honorable discharge from me regiment, sir," and he handed over for inspection his papers received from a famous regiment with which men of his race have been identified for years.

"All this is very, very good, McGrath. But you watchmen all have some excuse for shirking suddenly. Mind, I don't wish to be personal. Now, you have a month-old child and a sick wife."

"Sure, yes, I have that, God bless them!" said McGrath.

"What have I to go on? You know I've been robbed, chiseled and cheated through the dishonesty, cowardice and slothfulness of my watchmen. What guaranty, I repeat, can you give that you will do your work well? What will prevent your leaving me in what may prove my hour of need?"

McGrath rose from where he sat, advanced a step or two, and said: "Me wurrd, sir, is all I can give ye."

"McGrath," said Morton, after a moment's reflection, "you may go on duty to-night."

The superintendent escorted forthwith the new watchman to the beat which he was to take up later; that is, from 7 p. m. until 6 a. m.

He was shown the little office and given a key to it, the office in the mill, in which telephone messages could be sent and received, if necessary, all night. In short, his routine was mapped out and thoroughly explained.

It was a murky, cloudy night when the new watchman went on duty at the mills, which were situated in a lonely quarter of the town. There was a definite and professional air about the little man as he carefully patrolled his beat.

All went well until about 10 o'clock, when he noticed a man skulking on the opposite side of the street. McGrath observed him quietly, but went on steadily in his monotonous routine, looking forward, nevertheless, to the morning hour, when he could again be with his sick wife and his baby.

A sharp ring came on the telephone in the little room in the mill. McGrath unlocked the door, entered, and took down the receiver.

"Is this you, McGrath? This is Father Kelly calling you up. I am here; also the doctor. The wife is sinking. It came on suddenly, John. Don't worry, my poor man; but try to get here at once. Your duty? Of course, I know. Get your boss or the superintendent on the phone, and get them to send some one to the mill in your place. There'll be time. Now, mind, bear up, my boy; bear up and be the same man I've always known you to be."

McGrath hung up the receiver. Something overwhelming whispered to him, "Go, go! This is paramount. Go, go now! This outmeasures all else."

He shook himself as one would shake off an oppressive dream, and strode up to the telephone. "Give me 34 Gray," said he. "I want Mr. Morton. Gone out, you say? You don't know where; and you don't know when he'll be back? For the love of God, get him at the earliest minute! Tell him McGrath's wife is dying, and that he wants to be relieved at once."

McGrath then tried to find the superintendent of the mills on the telephone, but he had gone out of town for the night.

Turning out the electric lights and locking the door, McGrath went on his beat again.

Once more that tempting whisper came to him. Now it grew until it became a tumult in his breast. It was the call of the home.

"My wurrd, my duty!" he muttered between clenched teeth.

"Home, home, home!" it kept shouting to him, until it blended into a fearsome, husky cry behind his back: "Do him, Jimmy! Do up the greeny!"

A man grasped him round the waist, but McGrath, with the energy of a tiger, threw him off and dealt him a fearful blow with his night stick. The man staggered back into the darkness.

But two others came up to the watchman with a rush. One held a revolver. "Throw up your hands!" he whispered.

"Never!" shouted McGrath.

"Then die, you fool!" hissed the other, and fired point-blank at him; but, as he swayed before falling, McGrath fired through his overcoat pocket the shot that stretched the ruffian dead in his tracks. The third man fled.

By a supreme effort McGrah dragged himself to the door of the little office. How he ever managed to unlock the door is something most unaccountable. How he hung on so long to the telephone shelf would be too pitiable to relate.

He rang up police headquarters. "Come to Morton's mills at once! It's me," he gasped. "McGrath, the new watchman! Have killed burglar! He's shot me! Get Mr. Morton here! Take me home—home—home—"

He sank, an inert mass, upon the floor.

* * * * * * *

There was a blaze of acetylene lamps, the throbbing of giant motor cars before the doors of Morton's mills.

"Well, I'll be hanged, Mr. Morton," said the sergeant, "but your new watchman has killed the wickedest burglar and cutthroat in this State. He's nailed the man that none of us could get these past five years. Oh, here's the poor fellow!" he added, as they found the watchman on the floor of the little room.

The mill owner, the sergeant, also the doctor and Father Kelly, gathered around McGrath.

The doctor hastily gave such relief as was possible, then rose. "Father Kelly," he whispered, with just a professional touch, "it is your case."

The venerable priest knelt beside the dying man and administered to him the last rites of his church.

McGrath was perfectly conscious. The physician's work restored him for a time, and the church offices buoyed him up for a final effort.

"Tell me," he asked, falteringly, "Father, how is Delia?"

"It is well with Delia, me son."

"It is well— Oh, Father, I know what ye mane, sure. 'Twill be well with me?"

"Yes, my son."

"Mr. Morton!" gasped McGrath.

Morton drew nearer and knelt beside him.

"I want ye to be—to—be—a watchman."

"Me a watchman?" replied Morton, much puzzled. "How, McGrath?"

"I want ye to be a watchman over me little baby Mike."

"Indeed, I will—I will be a watchman over him while my life lasts."

"Ye remember, sir, this—this—morning, when ye tuk me, ye asked what guaranty I'd give that I'd be a good watchman, and I said me wurrd was all I could give." There was just a suspicion of humorous twinkle in the dying eyes. "What guaranty do you give me?"

Morton took the white and helpless hands, which had begun to pick at the blood-stained shirt, in both of his, and said: "I give you my word."

"Then we're quits," whispered McGrath.

A moment later the doctor gave them all a comprehensive look.

"Oh, heaven," sobbed the owner of Morton's mills, as he rose from where he knelt, "grant that I may keep my word with him, as he kept his with me!"—Sunday Magazine.

WHERE INDIAN IS HONEST.

In the Far North He breaks In, but Not to Steal.

Many curious instances of the manner in which the honesty of the Indian manifests itself are cited in the north country of the Canadian Northwest, says the World To-Day.

One of the tales is of a native who, desiring food and tobacco and blankets, broke into the store of a remote trading post which had been locked and abandoned for a few weeks while the white men in charge transacted business elsewhere. The Indian supplied his needs and he left pelts in payment for what he took and months later he came back to ascertain if he had left enough.

One Indian found a post closed when he went to it to dispose of his skins. Being unwilling to wait, he forcibly entered and left his pack, but nothing with it to indicate his identity. Then he retired, fastening the door as best he could, and not until a year later did he return.

When he walked into the post and told his story the price of the skins was handed over to him without question. The accounts of the white man had been carefully kept, and he was certain that no claim but a just one would be made.

An unusual degree of confidence is reposed in the half-breeds, who are lieutenants of the white traders. In Edmonton I saw a trader give one of his half-breed employes $1,250 to be taken to a distant post and there distributed as wages to others. The two shook hands and parted, not to meet for a year, and the white man said he was sure not a cent of the money would fail to reach its rightful destination.

In the town of Edmonton itself honesty seems to vie with hospitality for the credit of being the most prominent trait of the citizens. Scores of thousands of dollars' worth of furs are stored there in warehouses which are seldom or never locked or guarded.

Only the most valuable pelts are put under lock and key, and then the purpose is more to protect from accidental damage than from possible theft.

Its Sunny Side.

"After all, life in the country has its recompenses," said the man who observes and cogitates. "Now, in the city, in order to gain fame one must be a multimillionaire, an eminent philanthropist and egotist, a deft, dashing or diabolical criminal, a monumental spendthrift or an absolutely blank fool; but in the average village he can become the object of hatred and envy of most of his fellow-men; be convicted at the sewing circle of being a dark and dangerous debauchee, be in imminent danger of a church trial, and have the old men wag their heads in suspicion and the little boys run out their tongues in derision when he passes by, merely by getting it stated in the weekly newspaper that he is thinking of buying a motor car."—Puck.

Founded on Snow.

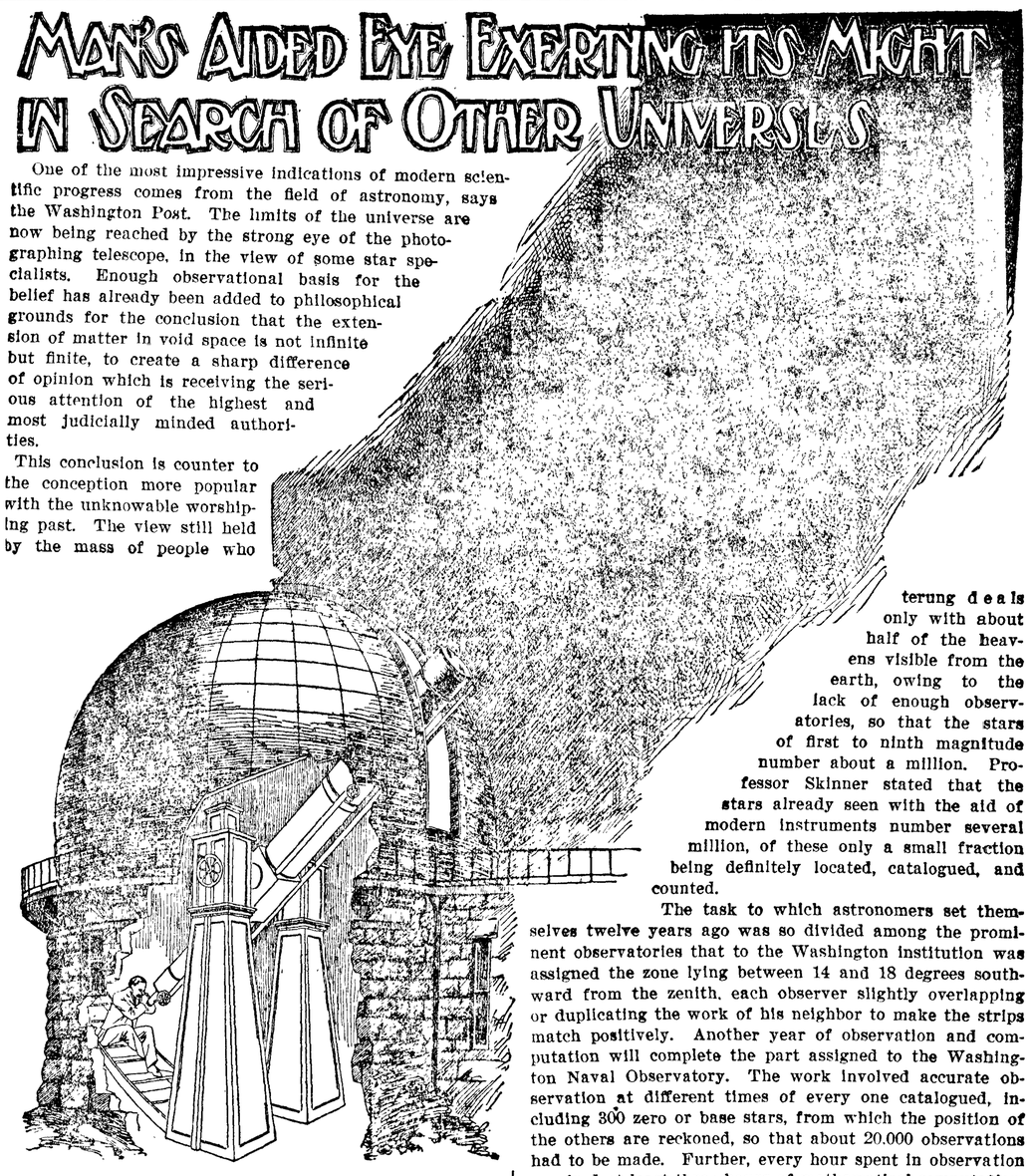
Every summer several astronomers visit the Janssen Observatory, on the extreme summit of Mont Blanc, to take advantage of its great altitude, which favors the study of solar phenomena. At present another effort is being made there to photograph the sun's corona without an eclipse. The observatory is remarkable for having its foundation laid in hard-packed snow. The builders found it impracticable to reach the underlying rock. At a recent meeting of the Academy of Sciences in Paris, Monsieur Janssen announced that the measurements of level executed in 1904 and 1906 showed that during that interval the observatory had not appreciably shifted in position.—Philadelphia Record.

Women Writers.

We know a number of women writers, and many of them are very good looking—much better looking, at any rate, than men writers, whose appearance is very seldom as attractive as their works.—Academy.

No sooner does the average man discover that he has made a mistake than he gets busy and manufactures an explanation.

MAN'S AIDED EYE EXERTING ITS MIGHT IN SEARCH OF OTHER UNIVERSES



One of the most impressive indications of modern scientific progress comes from the field of astronomy, says the Washington Post. The limits of the universe are now being reached by the strong eye of the photographing telescope, in the view of some star specialists. Enough observational basis for the belief has already been added to philosophical grounds for the conclusion that the extension of matter in void space is not infinite but finite, to create a sharp difference of opinion which is receiving the serious attention of the highest and most judicially minded authorities.

This conclusion is counter to the conception more popular with the unknowable worshiping past. The view still held by the mass of people who give thought to the subject at all is expressed by a German poet, who wrote in the earlier decades of the past century of a man "called into the vestibule of heaven, stripped of his robe of flesh," and guided by "a mighty angel through long reaches of planets circling on the right and left and vast Saharas of darkness" at such velocity that "the light with lesser speed came on to meet them." The dream poet voiced the conviction of his times by narrating that finally "the man sank down, crying: 'Angel, I can go no further, for end there is none!"

"Some astronomers now state their belief that we can see through the expanse of nebulae and stars to outside vacancy," said Professor Aaron N. Skinner, who, in charge of the equatorial work at the United States Naval Observatory, is making a catalogue of 9,000 of the known stars. "But," he added, in the course of his talk with a Post reporter, "the question arises, Should it be true that we can in time penetrate even to the limits of the ether of our universe, what is there beyond, across space which light cannot traverse? Indeed, we might assume the existence of a plurality of universes, beyond any hope of cognizance by us, just as there are a plurality of suns that we can see. For myself, however, I am too busy with the more tangible work I have on hand here to indulge much in these speculative discussions."

Professor Skinner is now nearing the end of twelve years' work occupied in definitely cataloguing a strip or zone of the 500,000 stars approximately catalogued between 1850 and 1860, comprising a list known as the Bonn Durchmusterung. In later years, also under German initiative, the leading observatories of the world undertook the tremendous job of determining the exact position of these half-million suns, being those down to the ninth apparent magnitude. (Stars become invisible to the unaided eye at the sixth magnitude.) The Bonn Durchmusterung deals only with about half of the heavens visible from the earth, owing to the lack of enough observatories, so that the stars of first to ninth magnitude number about a million. Professor Skinner stated that the stars already seen with the aid of modern instruments number several million, of these only a small fraction being definitely located, catalogued, and counted.

The task to which astronomers set themselves twelve years ago was so divided among the prominent observatories that to the Washington institution was assigned the zone lying between 14 and 18 degrees southward from the zenith, each observer slightly overlapping or duplicating the work of his neighbor to make the strips match positively. Another year of observation and computation will complete the part assigned to the Washington Naval Observatory. The work involved accurate observation at different times of every one catalogued, including 300 zero or base stars, from which the position of the others are reckoned, so that about 20,000 observations had to be made. Further, every hour spent in observation required at least three hours of mathematical computation.

In recent years the equipment of twelve-inch telescopes with photographing attachments has greatly extended the range of human view, for while the eye, tiring, sees less in protracted watching, the photographic plate, accumulating impression with time, sees more. Professor Skinner found it especially serviceable in distinguishing the minor asteroid planets from fixed stars, and remarked that its capacity for seeing what the eye could not see through the telescope was notable in the case of the discovery of a maze of nebulae in the field of the pleiades where with the eye hardly any nebulous trace was discernible. The photographic method of cataloguing stars has been quite successfully used in Europe.

"These plates," said Professor Skinner, "give very accurate results, but the method is yet too new for us to depend entirely upon it."

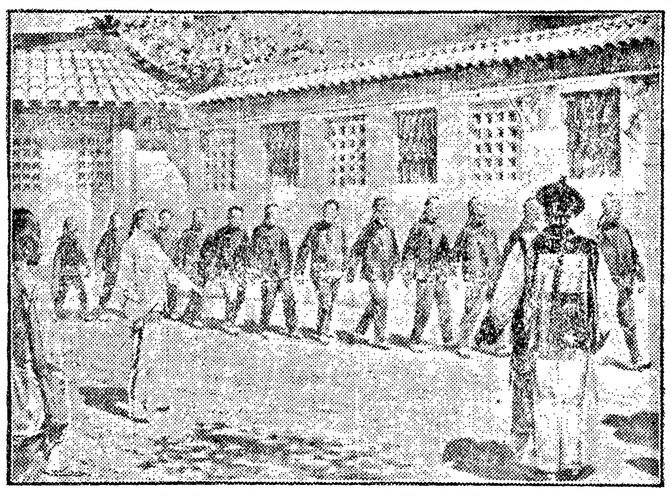
The work upon which he is engaged has been done entirely by telescopic eye observation, and the Naval Observatory has not so far been equipped with an instrument for doing the same thing photographically. It would cost $50,000.

Speaking of the financial support given scientific work, Professor Skinner remarked:

"Many private and university observatories are handicapped because the donors do not understand the full requirements of the work. Such is true of the observatory in California to which Mr. Yerkes, the late street railway magnate, gave the big telescope. Wealthy men are inclined to give liberally enough for equipment that people can see and touch, but are apt to forget that it requires several times as much money to use an instrument than it costs, in order to bring the results for which it is supposed to be designed; results, of course, which only the learned can fully appreciate."

MILITARY TACTICS IN CHINESE SCHOOLS.

An Eastern correspondent writes: "While visiting the native city I entered the courtyard of the yamen, or magistrates' official quarters, and saw a number of youngsters being drilled by an instructor in uniform. They went at it most energetically and carried out the simple movements in an excellent manner. My guide—who, like many Chinese, can not negotiate a word beginning with the letter *y*—proudly drew my attention to the fact that these boys were 'lung soldia.' It is notorious that this sort of thing is going on throughout the empire. Whether any significance can be attached to it remains to be seen. The boys were all dressed in jumpers and pants of rusty black. Their drill was watched by a mandarin, who was dressed in silk robes down to his heels. He wore also a silk tunic of dark cholocate color decorated with many trinkets and he had an embroidered pouch hanging from a girdle underneath his jacket. The drill instructor wore a white uniform." These and other signs indicate military awakening.



THE MAKING OF A NEW ARMY.

If a man can afford a motor boat he doesn't have to paddle his own canoe.

Our Billions of Ancestors.

Has anybody ever stopped to think how many male and female ancestors it took to bring us into the world? First, of course, it was necessary to have a father and mother, and our father and mother must have had a father and mother, and so on back through fifty-six generations to the time of Christ.

A careful calculation of all these ancestors shows that there must have been 139,235,017,489,534,976 births to bring one of us into the world. And this is only from the time of Christ, and not from the beginning of the world.

According to one authority, if from a single couple for five thousand years each husband and wife had married at the age of 21, and there had been no deaths, the population of the earth would be 2,199,915, followed by 144 ciphers. To hold such a population it would take several worlds the size of ours.—Sunday Magazine.

A Lost Subscriber.

The Kedah postoffice authorities have a somewhat blunt way of putting things. Copies of a Penang paper posted to a subscriber were the other day returned marked "Addessee hanged for Murder."—Bangkok Times.

FALL OF SOOT IN BIG CITIES.

Soft Coal Smoke Sends Down Eighteen Tons Daily in Cincinnati.

A scientific investigator in Cincinnati has been trying to arrive at a definite idea of the amount of soot deposited in the city in the course of a year. One of his tests was to place buckets, three-fourths filled with water on eleven roofs in different parts of the city. At the end of three months a careful analysis was made of the contents of the buckets to ascertain the amount of carbonaceous matter.

The final computation is that in the downtown area the falling soot amounts to 541 tons a month, or eighteen tons daily. On a square mile of the city the soot deposit is 171 tons a month, or 343,728 pounds, an average of several pounds to each inhabitant. In one of the suburbs the soot in the bucket was 464 grains to the square foot for a period of thirty days. For the same time the deposit at a central point in the city was 22,550 grams to the square foot.

Other cities that burn soft coal need not flatter themselves that they fare much better. A glance out at the window tells the story. In many parts of a sooty city the trees and flowers are coated with grime and often refuse to grow. The smoke cloud injures health in several ways, one of which is the shutting out of the sunlight that destroys disease germs. That soot is deposited in human lungs is a fact well known to surgeons.

These figures were laid before a smoke abatement league meeting in Cincinnati, and it was resolved to ask the next legislature for more stringent anti-smoke laws. The present methods of smoke abatement are visibly unsatisfactory and the opinion is widely held that relief must come through some means not yet attained.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Finishes It.

"When you have written a story do you not go over it and give it a finishing touch?"

"No; the first editor I send it to usually does that."—Houston Post.

Chinese Mourning Custom.

During thirty days after a death in China the nearest relatives of the deceased do not shave nor change their clothes.

BASIS FOR TREATY

AMERICAN AND GERMAN COMMISSION ENDS CONFERENCE.

No Authority To Negotiate a Treaty But Basis Upon Which a Treaty Might Be Concluded Has Been Reached---Statement of American Commissioners.

Berlin, Jan. 29.—The conference of the American and German tariff commissioners has ended. N. D. North, who was at the head of the American delegation will sail for the United States tomorrow. James L. Gerry and Nahum I. Stone, the other delegates, will remain here to complete the translation of the protocols.

The Associated Press some days ago requested both the American and German commissioners to authorize the publication of a summary of the results of the negotiations. The American commissioners prepared such a summary, at a joint session, as follows:

"The sessions of the commission have been harmonious from the start, and nothing has occurred at any point to interfere with the cordial and friendly relations originally established. These sessions have been largely devoted to an interchange of information as to the customs methods of the two countries and the reasons therefor.

No Authority for Treaty

"No commercial treatv has been negotiated because the American commissioners have been given no authority to make such a treaty, but in the course of the proceedings there has been established a basis upon which a nominal treaty might be concluded, provided the consent of the reichstag and the American congress be given.

"So far as both governments are concerned, no committals have been made, but the understanding is such that if the two governments shall decide to enter into a commercial agreement, the preparatory work has been done.

"The members of both the German and American commissions feel very strongly that even if no commercial agreement or treaty should be made, the interchange of views and information has been of the utmost value in aiding a continuance of the friendly relations between the two nations."

Basis for Agreement

The foreign office will issue an announcement dealing with the foregoing. Following diplomatic usage, the American commissioners felt that the details of the result reached ought to be laid before President Roosevelt first, while the German commissioners did not desire them published until after the reichstag elections and the re-balloting, which in many districts will not be finished until February 5.

It will do no harm to add that the commission arranged a plan which, with the approval of congress and the reichstag, will avoid tariff hostilities and, as alluded to in the foregoing summary, will form a basis for a long term arrangement to the mutual advantage of both peoples.

STATE COLLEGE NEEDS OUTLINED BY BRYAN

Olympia, Jan. 29.—President E. C. Bryan, of the Washington state college, is in Olympia and last night addressed the house committee on appropriations in behalf of his institutin. He is endeavooring to secure appropriations in the sum of $322,000 for new buildings and $217,000 for main tenance. In an informal talk lasting about two hours, he called attention to the work the college is doing in furnishing the state with the necessary scientists and craftsmen to reclaim the arid regions and play at the game of engineering in its many phases.

There was a tendency among some of the members of the committee to question the seeming attempt of Dr. Bryan to turn state funds into preparatory school channels, but the president explained that the lower grades of the Washington state college are not in the nature of a preparatory school, but rather a finishing school for men and women who cannot go farther in school or college. He is asking for the funds to erect a recita tion hall and another building to contain a library and an assembly hall jointly.

Bottom Has Changed

Washington, Jan. 24.—The secretary of the navy has received a cablegram from the Hamburg-American office advising him that according to a cablegram from the captain of the company's steamer President, dated at Port au Prince, Hayti, that great caution is necessary on the part of ships approaching Kingston, as the bottom of the sea is changed by reason of the earthquake and that the lighthouse has been demolished.

Would Limit Warship Tonnage

Brussels, Jan. 28.—A special dispatch from Rome says that the Italian cabinet has decided to ask, at the next peace conference at The Hague for a maximum tonnage for warships at 16,000 tons, this being the tonnage of the new battleships Italy is to lay down. This proposal, according to the special dispatch, is to be supported by Great Britain and the United States.

MODEL INSURANCE LAW

President Recommends One for District of Columbia.

Washington, Jan. 26.—President Roosevelt has sent to congress a message favoring a model insurance law in the District of Columbia, as recommended by the superintendent of insurance of the district, upon the lines of the so-called Ames bill, but revised so as to include all the desirable features of the so-called "uniform bill."

The message says:

"With proper modifications this bill could be enacted into a law so comprehensive and just that it would stand as a model of equity. I regret greatly that there is not national power to deal with this subject, but inasmuch as this seems at present to be the case, we should at least establish a model law in the District of Columbia.

"I feel that the department of insurance of the District of Columbia should oe a bureau in the department of commerce and labor."

FAVOR BILLS TO PROVIDE FOR ALASKA-YUKON FAIR

Olympia, Jan. 30.—By a majority vote the senate has finally reached an agreement concerning the the appropriations asked for the state university at Seattle and the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition, amounting to $1,000,000, and on the basis of the agreement, reached at a special caucus yesterday, four bills have been introduced by Senator Piper, covering the appropriations and creating a special fund out of which they will be drawn, known as the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition fund.

To meet the appropriations it is proposed to dispose of the shore lands on Lake Union and the west shore of Lake Washington, two miles south and two miles north of the boundaries of Seattle.

Fund Is Created

Senate bill 101 sets out the scheme by which the special fund is to be created. It provides for the establishment of harbor lines, survey, platting and appraisal of shore lands of the first class of Lakes Washington and Union; the sale and disposition of said shore lands and the creation of the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition fund.

University Buildings

Senate bill 98 relates to the special Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition fund, making warrants for the $600,000 appropriation for the buildings for the state university preferential, and designating surplus money to come into the fund in excess of $600,000 for the $400,000 appropriation for the Washington state building and exhibit of state's resources at the expositi n. The residue of the special fund, if any, after payment of all warrants provided for in the two appropriations shall be transferred to the general fund.

Provides for Commission

Senate bill 99 provides for the creation of the A.-Y.-P. commission, the erection of a Washington building, the collection and installation of an exhibit of the resources, products and advantages of the state, and appropriates $400,000 out of the special fund for the purposes enumerated.

Senate bill 100 appropriates $600,000 for the erection of buildings for the university and provides for the use thereof by the exposition.

How Payments Are to Be Made

Payment is to be made by the purchasers of such shore lands as follows: One-third at the time of such purchase; one-third in one year from date of such purchase and the remaining one-third two years from the date of purchase, which will complete payment before the opening of the exposition in 1909.

WORKING HOURS FOR RAILWAY TRAINMEN

Olympia, Jan. 30.—The house has passed by unanimous vote house bill 31, by Rhodes, of Spokane, limiting the hours of railway trainmen for consecutive service to sixteen, and making the penalty for violation a fine in any sum up to $1,000. The bill is modeled upon the lines of the La Follette bill recently passed by conrgess.

The house also passed Smalley's house bill 79, appropriating $340 for the relief of Sheriff Thomas of Okanogan county and house bill 71, by Carty, on abolishing the state special funds.

Stockyards Strike Threatened

Chicago, Jan. 29.—The labor unions have decided to again demand recognition of the meat packers, and unless the packers make concessions the workmen declare they will go on strike to bring the employers to terms. As an entering wedge it is announced that demands for a nine hour day and a minimum wage scale of $3 are to be presented to the big packing firms in Chicago and in all the branches throughout the West by the International Association of Machinists.

Isabella Beecher Hooker Dies

Hartford, Conn., Jan. 26.—Mrs. Isabella Beecher Hooker, the last of the children of Rev. Lyman Beecher, sister of Henry Ward Beecher and Harriett Beecher Stowe, is dead. She was well known as an advocate of woman suffrage.

Baldwin Works Damaged

Philadelphia, Jan. 30.—Fire, which started with an explosion in the paint shop, destroyed an entire section of the big Baldwin Locomotive works, entailing a loss of $1,000,000.

CHECK LAND FRAUDS

PRESIDENT ISSUES IMPORTANT ORDER ON SUBJECT.

Directs That Patents Be Not Issued Pending An Examination of all Ground By Special Agents of the General Land Office. Order to Hitchcock.

Washintgon, Jan. 28.—President Roosevelt has determined to put an end, if possible, to frauds in the acquisition of public lands by individuals and corporations. He has directed that hereafter no patent shall be issued to public land until an examination of the ground shall have been made by an authorized officer of the government. The president's order is in the form of a letter to Secretary Hitchcock and under its provisions orders are being sent out by officials of the general land office. Following is the letter.

"The Secretary of the Interior: To prevent the fraud now practiced in the acquisition of public lands of the United States, I have to direct that hereafter no certificate, patent or other evidence of title shall be issued under the public land laws until an actual examination has been made upon the ground for or by an authorized officer of the government, but the following shall be excepted from the force of this order:

"First. All claims which have heretofore been examined on the ground by an authorized agent of the government, where report is found satisfactory.

"Second. All claims where an officer of the government other than officers authorized to take final proof shall have been present at the taking of final proof to cross-examine claimant and witnesses, if such proof is found satisfactory.

Third. All claims where claimants' compliance with the law has been established by contest or other regular proceedings.

"Fourth. Entries which may have been confirmed by virtude of an act of congress.

"Fifth. Selection and entries in which no residence or improvement is required by law when the lands embraced are in agricultural districts or when its character has been fixed by investigation and classification made in compliance with the law.

"Sixth. Cases of reissuance of patents because of some clerical error occurring in the patent heretofore issued.

"Seventh. All Indian allotments which have been regularly approved in accordance with instructions of the secretary of the interior.

"You will issue all necessary instructions to carry this order into effect.

"This is in lieu of my order of December 13, 1903.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

BURLINGTON ENGINES TO HELP NORTHERN PACIFIC

Omaha, Jan. 29.—James J. Hill has called upon the Burlington railroad to help raise the blockade of the Northern Pacific in the Dakotas, and the Burlington has responded by sending seventeen of its heaviest locomotives from the Nebraska division to the Northern Pacific.

So urgent was the call that the seventeen big moguls were sent forward without loads, each running under its own steam and going by the new line between Ashland and Sioux City. If possible six more locomotives will go from Nebraska, although there is also shortage of motive power in this state.

WILL TRAIN UP DOMESTICS

Spokane Women Plan School to Cure Servant Famine.

Spokane, Wash., Jan. 28.—A plan to found a domestic training school for the education of girls in the science of cooking, laundering, serving, manners, care of children and the general duties of the modern house servant, is meeting with enthusiastic backing from many prominent women of the city. One meeting has been held and another is called to take up the matter of the establishment of such a school.

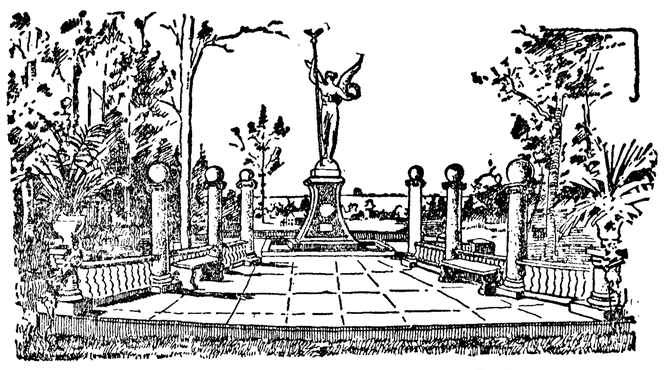
To Make Denatured Alcohol

Washington, Jan. 26.—The house committee on ways and means has decided to report favorably a bill designed to enable small manufacturers to engage in making denatured alcohol. It provides for the locked still and tank system in plants not making mor than 100 gallons a day, and also provides that denatured alcohol is to be exempted from internal revenue tax when used in chloroform, either where the alcohol is chemically changed or otherwise.

Northwestern to Use Fuel Oil

Lander, Wyo., Jan. 29—The Northwestern railroad has concluded the experiments which it has been carrying on for the past three months with oil burning locomotives on its Western division, and orders have been issued to prepare all locomotives in Wyoming for the use of oil fuel instead of coal. Orders have also been given to bore a number of oil wells upon the right of way of the Northwestern near Casper, so that the road may have its own fuel instead of buying from others.

MONUMENT TO COMMODORE PERRY.



VICTORY MONUMENT AT PUT-IN-BAY.

Put-in-Bay, nature's beauty spot, will be made more beautiful and attractive than ever by a monument which is being erected in recognition of Commodore Perry's great victory near the island. The monument is being put up at an expense of more than $2,000, most of which has already been raised by popular subscription.

The statue is of the Goddess of Victory and is a reproduction of Alphonse Telzer's masterpiece. It will be made of copper bronze with the antique oxidized finish. The statue alone is ten feet high and is mounted on a twelve-foot pedestal of the beautiful and peculiar natural stone of the island. The pedestal will bear inscriptions telling of the victory. The wings of the goddess are two feet high and have a spread of seven feet from tip to tip.

The entire statue is mounted on a battlement wall foundation and parapet arrangement, the parapet being twenty-six and a half feet square. It is enclosed by a stone balustrade with stone abutments or posts at regular intervals. A grass line surrounds the pedestal in which will be planted flowers and green sod.

The approach to the monument is in peristyle effect. It is hedged with six pillars with tops surmounted by large glass globes with which to illuminate the spot at night. The columns are graduated in height, the tallest being nine feet and ranging from that down to the six-foot pedestals which will be surmounted with stone jardinieres for flowers. These are all connected by the balustrades.

The approach is twenty feet deep and thirty feet across the front with concave sides and a convex front. A five-foot walk on the parapet encircles the statue so that it may be viewed from all sides.

BALLOONING ACROSS THE ALPS

Two Italian aeronauts, Signori Usuelli and Crespi, crossed the Alps in a balloon called "Milano." They started from Milan and descended at Aix-les-Bains, having passed across Mont Blanc. The photograph was reconstructed from materials supplied by the voyagers. Recently Mr. Leslie Bucknall left the Wandsworth gas works and in sixteen hours descended on the River Loop near the Lake of Geneva, a distance of over 420 miles. In the darkness the aeronaut located the proximity of the Alps by the echo. Had he had a reserve of gas he would have crossed the mountains.

FIRE IN THE SKYSCRAPER.

Chief Danger Is the Inflammable Office Furniture.

The construction of the new Singer building in New York, a lofty tower of forty-two stories, 612 feet high, leads the Journal of Fire to speculate on the consequences of a fire in this structure or in any very high steel frame building. It concludes that the average skyscraper is too high for adequate fire protection and that when such a building begins to burn the people in the upper stories will have to sit down with such calmness as they can muster and wait for it to be put out—or for the alternative.

"The danger is not so much to property as it is to life and for this reason the matter deserves careful consideration," says the paper named above. "The modern office building contains a small army of occupants, both men and women, and the endangering of these is a great responsibility.

"The skyscraper as a fire risk has not been sufficiently tested to justify any conclusion as to its fire safety, but judging by present knowledge and experience it represents a serious fire possibility. The question of safety for the occupants may be passed by in the belief in the 'fireproof' capacity of the building, but this belief is a delusion and a dependence on it is likely to result disastrously. The results of the Baltimore and San Francisco conflagrations were not needed to demonstrate the falsity of the 'fireproof' idea, for New York's fire experience was amply sufficient for this.

"The so-called fireproof building is fire proof only as regards the structure itself and this only to a limited extent. The building, as such, does not assure the safety of the inmates nor the security of the contents and as regards fire danger to life it is the part of prudence to consider it from the standpoint of an ordinary building. It must be conceded that in an office building it is possible for fire to start and the smoke, heat and flames to spread throughout, making it impossible to use the stairways and elevator as exits. Under the circumstances it is to be expected that a number of persons will be imprisoned above the fire and their safety dependent upon circumstances.

"The possibility of a serious fire in an office building is generally discounted on the ground that office buildings do not contain enough fuel for a considerable fire, but whoever entertains this notion should look about and estimate the quantity of combustible materials contained in an office in the shape of desks, cabinets, rugs, papers, etc. It is true that the usual office occupancy is not such as results in frequent fires, but there are the hazards due to the heat, light and power and in many instances offices are used for comparatively hazardous purposes. At the same time among thousands of offices it is reasonable to expect a certain proportion of fires and among these some that will get headway and result in a considerable fire."—Translation in Literary Digest.

Poor Memory Somewhere.

Mother—Tommy, what did I say I'd do to you if you touched that jam again?

Tommy—Why, it's funny, ma, that you should forget it, too. I'm blamed if I can remember!—Philadelphia Telegraph.

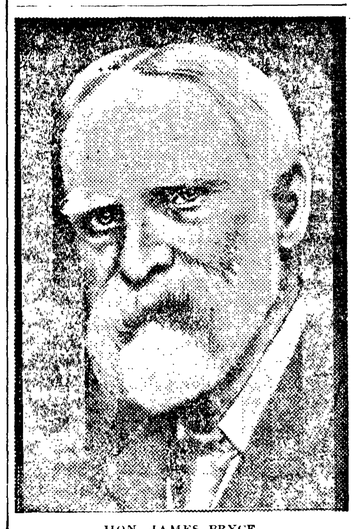
Old Law for Hours of Work.

As early as 1847 a law was passed in New Hampshire making ten hours a legal day's work.

HON. JAMES BRYCE.

New Ambassador of England to the United States.

The appointment of Hon. James Bryce to be ambassador of Great Britain at Washington semes to give genuine satisfaction in both countries. Mr. Bryce is one of the ablest men in the public service of England and the fact that he refused a title on being selected for the post shows the stamp of his democracy. Mr. Bryce at present is secretary for Ireland and has been engaged for some time upon important reform measures for that counent is secretary for Ireland and has work and would have refused to abandon it for any other diplomatic mission. The attraction of the Washington post, however, was too strong to be resisted and he comes to the United States with a genuine admiration for the republic.



HON. JAMES BRYCE.

Mr. Bryce has represented Aberdeen in Parliament since 1885. He has been under secretary for foreign affairs and president of the Board of Trade. He was born in 1838 and at one time was professor of civil law at Oxford University. He is the author of the American Commonwealth, one of the few works by foreigners which reflects a clear understanding of American affairs.

LEGAL INFORMATION.

A stepchild will not inherit property from its stepfather.

If hens go on the land of a person and do damage, suit can be brought against the owner of the hens for all damage caused.

Any person can free his land from surface water by digging a ditch, and will not be liable if the water is turned on to the land of another.

In Michigan a marriage license must be obtained from the County Clerk of the county in which either the man or the woman resides. If both parties are non-residents, the license must be obtained from the County Clerk of the county where the marriage is to be performed.

Adultery is a cause for divorce. If a man lives with his wife after learning she is guilty of adultery, it will be considered a condonation of the offense, and he cannot procure a divorce. This will not prevent him from procuring a divorce for a later offense of a similar nature, or for any other cause allowed by law.

The father and, in case of his death, the mother, are the natural guardians of a minor. If the Probate Court deems the father or mother incompetent to care for the property of a minor, it may appoint a curator to do so. This will not be done in the case of a person of unsound mind. In such a case the court will appoint a guardian to care for the person and the property.

If stock yards are maintained in such a condition as to constitute a nuisance, a suit in equity can be brought against the owners, damages asked for and a request made that an injunction be issued restraining the owners from longer continuing the nuisance. It is a question for the courts to decide as to whether or not, under all the circumstances, a nuisance is being maintained.

If a woman dies leaving a husband and children, the husband takes one-third of the property and the children the balance. If a man dies leaving a wife and children, she takes one-third and the children the balance. A valid mortgage on real estate binds the property, and the rights of other creditors and heirs are subject to such mortgage. The holder of a note not secured by mortgage will stand on an equal footing with other creditors.

Endless Trail.

Gomer Davies, of Concordia, tells a story about a wooden-legged man, although he denies being the one to which it refers. "This man," says Davies, "was going home after being at a late supper, along about 13 o'clock in the morning, when his peg leg went through an augur hole in the plank sidewalk and he kept circling about that hole all night, thinking he was going home."—Kansas City Star.

Definition Given by a Cynic.

"What is reform?" asked the argumentative man.

"Reform" answered the world-weary one, "usually consists in merely compelling a man to stop doing things his way and making him do them yours."—Washington Star.

OPERA HOUSE

One Week, starting
Monday, Feb'y 4th

Matinee Saturday. Change of Bill Nightly.

THE

PRINGLE STOCK CO.

Monday Night, the Thrilling Melodrama,

OUT IN IDAHO

Prices 50, 35 and 25

Seats now on sale at Mathewson's Drug Store.

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FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1907.

Washington's representatives in Congress stand by the state's leading industries, and are opposed to any move looking towards a tariff revision. In common with other far western members, representatives Jones, Humphrey and Cushman believe that lumber, wood and coal schedules will be the first objects of attack on the part of revisionists. Therefore these men will go on record opposed to any change that would seriously affect Washington's principal industries.

The state legislature was off on its first junketing trip last Saturday. Sixty-five members of that body availed themselves of the opportunity and visited the University of Washington as the guests of the regents and students of that institution, and to view the site of the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition. In the evening the lawmakers were entertained at a banquet by the Rainier Club, Seattle.

Senator Blair introduced in the senate what is known as the LaFollette bill regulating the employment of legislative lobby, counsel and agent and provide for the return of legislative expenses. Mr. Blair is making of himself an active member of the upper branch of the state legislature.

The P.-I. is printing cartoons of the members of the state legislature. Hon. David Govan of this county was a victim of one of these cartoons in Tuesday's daily. How he has changed! The duties of a legislator must be wearing upon him! His closest friends would not recognize him!

Prosperity's New Difficulty.

Prosperity cries: "More Cars!" And the beseechment receives only helpless echoes from the car-building companies. These are months behind their orders. The shipper clamors at the railroad, the railroad clamors at the car-builder; the car-builder does his best, but that best does not keep up with prosperity. In the west there are not cars enough to carry coal to those who need it, nor to move the grain to the flour mills. In the Pennsylvania manufacturing districts millions of tons of freight await cars to carry them to market. It all reads magnificently—something like a man so rich that he can't invest his money as fast as it accumulates. But he is fatuous who sees in this merely a temporary inconvenience flowing from abundance. Prosperity without cars is no prosperity. Coal at the mouth of the mine is not heat or power or light; wheat in the barn, unable to reach the mill, is not flour or bread. And, moreover, manufacturers, mine-owners, all producers, do business on credit. To pay their bills they depend on prompt marketing of their output. Goods clogging the factories, and no cars to carry them to purchasers—if this does not spell potenial panic, what handwriting is clear?—Collier's.

The steamboat Rapid Transit, Capt. Nelson, left Seattle Monday for Clallam Bay for the purpose of saving what remains of the machinery of the wrecked steamship Alice Gertrude. The Inland Navigation Company bought the boiler and engines from the marine underwriters and Capt. Nelson will use his best efforts to save the machinery.

If it is found impossible to raise the machinery, Capt. Nelson has orders to dynamite the wreck to loosen the engines from the hull. The Transit has provisions to last more than two weeks and Capt. Nelson will wait for favorable weather.

The county treasurers of the state held a meeting jointly with the state tax commissioners at Olympia last week. The main question discussed was the collection of taxes upon personal property. The California personal property law, which provides that taxes shall be payable at the time of assessment, was read. The concensus of opinion was that a law framed upon this plan was needed in Washington.

The four bills introduced by Piper of Seattle, creating A.-Y.-P. exposition fund and making an appropriation of a million dollars for the fair was railroaded through committee and passed by a unanimous vote of the state senate Wednesday.

The house has passed a bill, 89 to 0, for assessing and collecting an excise tax of 5 per cent of gross receipts of express companies doing business within the state.

HIS EFFORTS APPRECIATED

Mr. Hart Receives Letter of Commendation of Which He May Well Be Proud.

The Alaska Steamship Company,
Seattle, Wash., Jan. 24, 1907.
Mr. H. J. Hart, Operator,
Port Angeles, Wash.

Dear Sir:—The wreck of the Alice Gertrude at Clallam Bay, the night of January 11th, occurred quite late in the evening, very probably long after your regular office hours and at a time when the duties of your position did not demand your presence in your office. You remained on duty, however, all night long, I understand. I want you to know that your action and the feeling that prompted it are most sincerely appreciated. I desire to thank you, personally, and on behalf of the Straits Steamship Company; and for every member of the crew and every passenger on board the vessel; and for every one interested in the passengers and crew, for your fidelity in staying on duty during the night and doing all you could to send out reports of the conditions at the scene of the wreck.

For your fidelity to duty, we cannot pay you with more than our sincere thanks, but as a sort of recompense for the nights work and a slight material expression of our appreciation of your faithfulness, we beg that you will accept the enclosed check for $10.00.

Yours very truly,
CHARLES E. PEABODY,
President.

For Better County Roads.

Three "good roads" bills were presented in the house last week by Representative Ramsey of King. The whole tenor of the third and most important of these bills is to promote the work of road construction by scientific methods, aided by the state. The act provides for the improvement of the public highways of the state, and for the payment, in part, out of the state highway fund, in part out of the general road and bridge fund of the county, and in district road fund and by property benefitted. It is drawn along the lines of the New York state law. Fifty per cent of the cost of such improvements shall be paid out of the state highway fund, and the other half shall be a county charge in the first instance, 35 per cent of which shall be paid from the general road and bridge fund and 15 per cent from the district road fund of the district benefitted. If the improvment is by petition of property owners, then the 15 per cent charge shall be assessed upon and paid by owners of the lands benefitted. The Good Roads Association of Seattle is behind Mr. Ramsey in urging the adoption of the measure.

The Salton Sea.

Mr. Ed Gierin favors the Olympic-Leader with a late copy of the Arizona Daily Star. The paper asks the oft repeated question, What will be the result of closing the breach of the Colorado, through which is pouring torrents of water into the Salton basin. Several conclusions are drawn as to the dire calamities that may result. "The problem which should be solved and determined is," says the Star, "will it be more costly to the government and the Southern Pacific Co. to allow the Colorado river to find its own level in the Salton and thus save the expense of perpetually restraining it, or to make an appropriation to reimburse the farmers of the basin, whose property will be destroyed by allowing the Salton to be fed by the Colorado."

That was a good bill, introduced by Lambert, providing imprisonment not exceeding ten years of a person who while hunting shall negligently shoot and wound another human being.

Also, that one by Bigley, prohibiting the manufacture for sale or bringing into the state for the purpose of sale, giving away or otherwise disposing of any cigarettes, cigarette wrappers or papers or the substitutes therefor.

Pleasant and Most Effective

T. J. Chambers, Ed. Vindicator, Liberty, Texas, writes Dec. 25, 1902: "With pleasure and unsolicited by you, I bear testimony to the curative power of Ballard's Horehound Syrup. I have used it in my family and can cheerfully affirm it is the most effective and best remedy for coughs and colds I have ever used." Sold at Mathewson's Drug Store.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT

Resolutions and Testimonials of the Clallam County Bar, Upon the Death of Judge George C. Hatch.

At a meeting of the Clallam County Bar Association, held on the 2nd day of January, 1907, from a common impulse of deep sympathy and esteem for a departed brother member of this Bar, and late the Judge of this Court, with whom the lawyers of this Bar had associated professionally for many years, it was desired and formally expressed, that a set of resolutions be presented to this Court, commemorative of his character and life; and, pursuant to the action of their committee, the undersigned, appointed for that purpose, the following resolutions were formulated and are now presented.

It is with deep sorrow that we formally announce to this court that George C. Hatch, for fifteen years and over a member of this bar, and late the Judge of the Superior Court of the State of Washington, in and for Island, Jefferson and Clallam counties, died at his home in this city on the first day of January, 1907.

Judge Hatch began his professional career in this city in the year 1891; he at once achieved distinction, as a lawyer, and continued in active practice here until 1900, when he was elected Judge of this court and was re-elected in 1904, there remaining two years of his last term unexpired at the time death overtook him. He generously gave much of his time and labors upon the confines of his own Judicial District, and his distinguished services, while adding new luster to the Bar of the whole state, has drawn special honor to the local Bar of his own home.

It is therefore eminently fitting and proper that his professional brothers, who have been so closely united with him, should have spread on the records of this court some appropriate testimonials of their regard for him as a man and their esteem for him as a lawyer and a jurist; Therefore be it

Resolved, That in the death of Judge C. Hatch, the members of this Bar have lost a loved and valued friend—an associate whose life was so tempered with the attributes of a true manhood as to win and hold their admiration, and his untimely death has occasioned in each of them a deep sense of personal grief and loss.

Resolved, That in his professional life, George C. Hatch manifested in a marked degree, those traits of character which guarantee success both at the Bar and on the Bench, which bring to their possessor the confidence of the public; inspire esteem and affectionate regard in the hearts of associates, and add luster to the noble profession of the law and to the bench.

Resolved, That in the death of Judge George C. Hatch, his bereaved wife and daughters have lost a loving and tender husband and father, his mother an affectionate and devoted son and his brothers and sisters a loving brother, and the whole State a brilliant jurist.

Resolved, That the members of this Bar extend to the bereaved wife and family their deep and heartfelt sympathy, and that a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to each of them.

T. F. Trumbull, Chn.,
James Stewart,
J. E. Cochran,
Jas. G. McClinton,
Geo. Venable Smith,
W. Brumfield,
Committee.

Women Who Wear Well.

It is astonishing how great a change a few years of married life often make in the appearance and disposition of many women. The freshness, the charm, the brilliance vanish like the bloom from a peach which is rudely handled. The matron is only a dim shadow; a faint echo of the charming maiden. There are two reasons for this change, ignorance and neglect. Few young women appreciate the shock to the system through the change which comes with marriage and motherhood. Many neglect to deal with the unpleasant pelvic drains and weaknesses which too often come with marriage and motherhood, not understanding that this secret drain is robbing the cheek of its freshness and the form of its fairness.

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